

77 Hartland Street, Suite 201 East Hartford, Connecticut 06108 tel: 860 529-7615

May 29, 2020

Mr. Nikolaus Grieshaber Chief Financial Officer Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission 700 South Eisenhower Boulevard Middletown, PA 17057

Subject: Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission 2020 Traffic and Toll Revenue

Bring Down Letter

Dear Mr. Grieshaber:

The Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission (PTC or Commission) has asked CDM Smith to prepare this Bring Down Letter (2020 Bring Down Letter) to be used in support of the Commission's ongoing capital improvement program and other funding requirements. This letter provides an update to the 2019 Bring Down Letter, dated April 29, 2019, which in turn was an update to the 2018 Traffic and Toll Revenue Forecast Study (2018 Forecast Study), dated April 20, 2018. The 2019 Bring Down Letter presented traffic and gross toll revenue forecasts from fiscal year (FY) 2017-18 through FY 2048-49. A fiscal year runs from June 1 through May 31. Actual traffic and revenue data were available through February 2019 for the 2019 Bring Down Letter and through April 2020 for the current 2020 Bring Down Letter.

This 2020 Bring Down Letter presents actual traffic and toll revenue data through April 2020 (14 months of additional data since completion of the 2019 Bring Down Letter), provides updated traffic and revenue forecasts through FY 2049-50, and compares the new forecasts with those from the 2019 Bring Down Letter. The updated forecasts reflect the following changes from the 2019 Bring Down Letter:

- E-ZPass market share estimates over the forecast period were reviewed and updated.
- Actual traffic and toll revenue data were updated to include information through April 2020.
- Revised toll adjustment assumptions for calendar year 2021, which is now scheduled for a six-percent increase (as opposed to the five-percent increase that was previously planned). Additionally, this increase is scheduled to occur in October 2020 rather than January 2021 and will include an additional 45-percent increase for cash tolls. It should be noted that these two toll adjustment assumptions are proposed and haven't been formally approved yet by the PTC Board. Absent their approval, an across the board five-percent toll increase would occur on or about January 1, 2021.



- A review and adjustment of short-term traffic and revenue growth rates was conducted through 2023 based on the most recent actual trends. Longer term growth rates beyond 2023 are based on those established in the 2019 Bring Down Letter.
- A review of the major roadway improvements for any changes since completion of the 2019
 Bring Down Letter.
- And, perhaps most importantly, this forecast takes into account the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on estimated traffic and toll revenue over the forecast period.

These differences are described in more detail in the sections that follow below.

It is important to note that the intent of this Bring Down Letter is to review and revise, if warranted, the short-term forecasts developed as part of the 2019 Bring Down Letter. Any adjustments would be made based on the 14 months of new actual traffic and toll revenue experience since the 2019 Bring Down Letter, including COVID-19 impacts. Adjustments were made through FY 2025-26 to account for the estimated longer term COVID-19 impacts. However, beyond that, this Bring Down Letter does not include a re-evaluation of the longer-term economic growth forecasts; those remain unchanged from the 2019 Bring Down Letter.

The underlying socioeconomic trends and forecasts for Pennsylvania, the surrounding states, and the United States that formed the basis for the long-term traffic and toll revenue forecasts are provided in the 2018 Forecast Study.

Historical Toll Rate Increases and Current Toll Rates

Table 1 provides a summary of historical toll rate increases on the Turnpike System from 1987 to the most recent increase implemented on January 5, 2020. Rate increases are presented as a percent increase over the prior toll rate for cash/video and E-ZPass. Note that toll rate increases are generally applied systemwide, although occasional exemptions occur, as indicated in Table 1.

Periodic toll rate increases were implemented on the Turnpike System in 1987, 1991, 2004, and 2009. During the 2000's decade, E-ZPass was phased into the Turnpike System. Until 2011, cash and E-ZPass toll rates always increased by the same percent. The toll rate schedule implemented on January 2, 2011 created a differential between cash and E-ZPass, as E-ZPass rates were increased by 3.0 percent and cash toll were increased by 10.0 percent. Rate increases differed between cash and E-ZPass in the ensuing three years (2012, 2013, and 2014) further increasing the differential between cash and E-ZPass toll rates.



Table 1 Historical Toll Rate Increases Pennsylvania Turnpike

Date	Cash/Video	E-ZPass	Comment
1/2/1987	40.0	NA	E-ZPass was not yet implemented on the Turnpike
6/1/1991	32.0	NA	E-ZPass was not yet implemented on the Turnpike
8/1/2004	42.5	42.5	
1/4/2009	25.0	25.0	No increase on Findlay Connector or MFE between Uniontown
			and Brownsville
1/3/2010	3.0	3.0	No increase on Findlay Connector
1/2/2011	10.0	3.0	No increase on Findlay Connector
1/1/2012	10.0	0.0	No increase on Findlay Connector
1/6/2013	10.0	2.0	
1/5/2014	12.0	2.0	No increase on Findlay Connector
1/4/2015	5.0	5.0	No increase on Findlay Connector
1/3/2016	6.0	6.0	No increase on Findlay Connector; DRB converted from tick
			system to barrier system and rate changes implemented
1/8/2017	6.0	6.0	No increase on Findlay Connector or DRB
1/7/2018	6.0	6.0	No increase on Findlay Connector, DRB, or the Northeast
			Extension barrier facilities
4/29/2018	6.0	6.0	Northeast Extension barrier facilities only (1)
6/3/2018	6.0	6.0	Findlay Connector only (1)
1/6/2019	6.0	6.0	
10/27/2019	6.0	6.0	BVE, AKH, and Gateway only; 45% surcharge over cash randded to video rate
1/5/2020	6.0	6.0	No increase on BVE, AKH, or Gateway

⁽¹⁾ Toll rate increase coincided with vehicle classification changes from a weight-based to an axle-based system.



Toll rate increases have occurred annually since 2009, occurring on or close to January 1 of each year. Since 2015, the percent toll rate increases have been identical for cash and E-ZPass. In 2015 the toll rates increased by 5.0 percent over the prior year. From 2016 to 2020, toll rates increased by 6.0 percent annually for both cash/video and E-ZPass. PTC policy has also been to implement a video toll surcharge upon conversion to all electronic tolling (AET); this has generally amounted to an additional 45 percent increase, making video rates about double E-ZPass rates. It is assumed that annual toll rate increases will occur through the forecast period, as described in the section Actual and Assumed Toll Rate Increases and listed in Table 13.

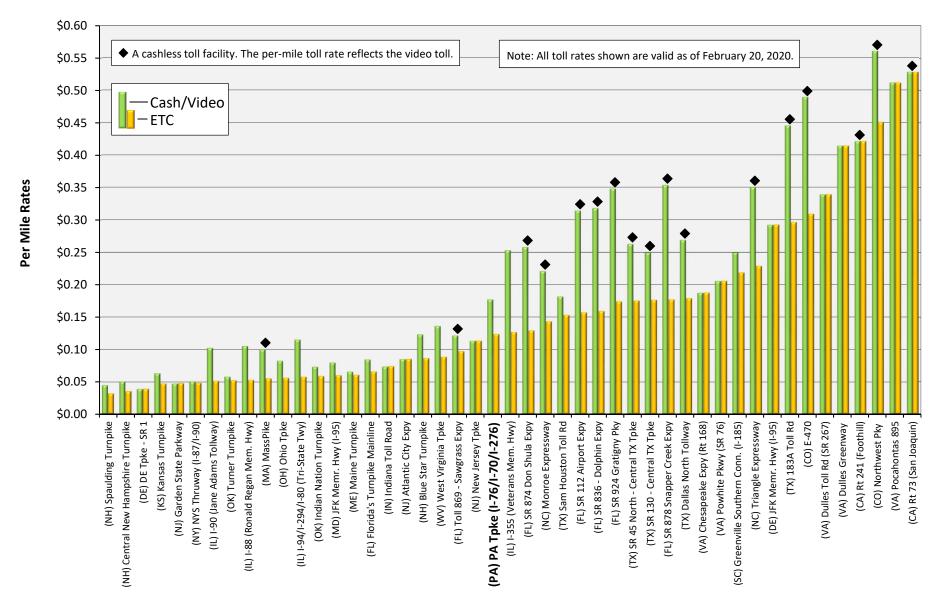
Figures 1 and 2 show the 2020 per-mile toll rates for a through trip on 47 U.S. toll facilities, for passenger cars and 5-axle commercial vehicles, respectively. Per-mile rates are shown for both cash/video and ETC transactions in each figure. If a facility is all electronic (does not accept cash payments), the video toll rate is shown as the equivalent of a cash toll rate. These facilities are marked with a diamond in Figures 1 and 2.

The per-mile through-trip toll rate is shown for the Pennsylvania Turnpike Mainline, which represents a trip on I-76/I-276 between New Jersey and Ohio. Figure 1 shows that even with the 12 consecutive annual toll increases since 2009, the passenger car per-mile toll rates on the Pennsylvania Turnpike System, at 12 cents per mile for E-ZPass customers and 18 cents per mile for cash customers, are still very reasonably priced compared to other toll facilities in the U.S.

Toll rates for 5-axle commercial vehicles (represented by weight class 6) are equivalent to 47 cents per mile for E-ZPass and 67 cents per mile for cash transactions for a through trip on the Pennsylvania Turnpike Mainline. It should be remembered that the majority of both passenger car and commercial vehicle trips are made using the more cost-effective E-ZPass payment method.

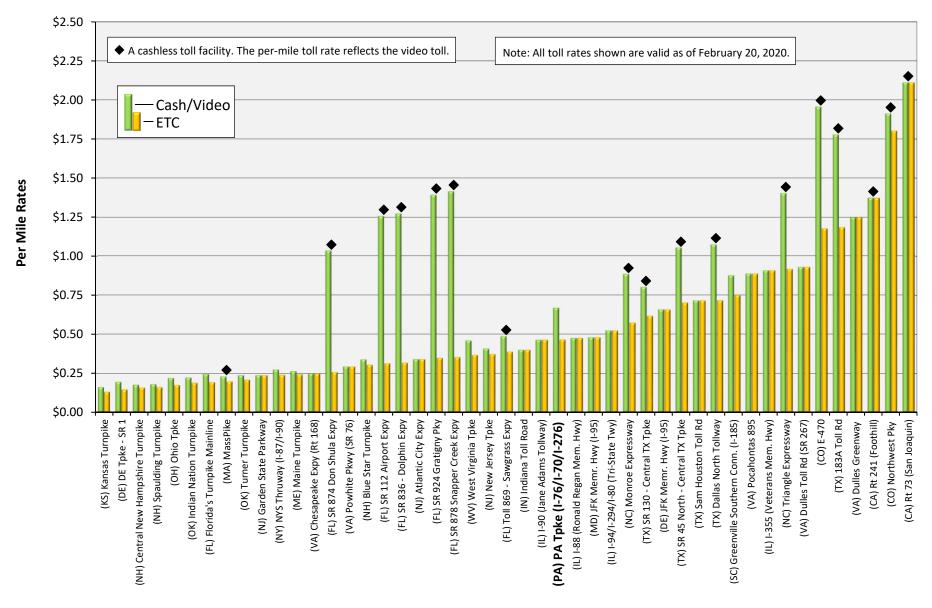
Annual Transaction and Gross Toll Revenue Trends

Table 2 provides a summary of annual systemwide transactions and gross toll revenue trends from FY 1994-95 through FY 2018-19. Notably, this table excludes non-revenue transactions from PTC's non-AET facilities. The Pennsylvania Turnpike System is a large, mature system that has demonstrated long-term growth in transactions and toll revenue. Between FY 1998-99 and FY 2008-09 there was only one toll rate increase (in 2004) and Turnpike transactions and gross toll revenue grew by an average annual rate of 1.8 percent and 5.8 percent, respectively. Conversely, in the 10 years from FY 2008-09 to FY 2018-19 there were toll rate increases every year. During this period Turnpike transactions grew by a comparatively lower average annual rate of 0.9 percent, while turnpike revenue grew by a higher average annual rate of 8.1 percent. In the most recently completed fiscal year (2018-19), traffic growth was 0.9 percent, while revenue growth was 11.0 percent, both equal to or larger than the average growth over the past 10 years.





COMPARISON OF 2020 PASSENGER CAR PER-MILE THROUGH TRIP TOLL RATES (DATA SORTED BY ETC TOLL RATES)





COMPARISON OF 2020 FIVE-AXLE VEHICLE PER-MILE THROUGH TRIP TOLL RATES (DATA SORTED BY ETC TOLL RATES)



Table 2 Annual Systemwide Traffic and Gross Toll Revenue Trends Pennsylvania Turnpike System (in thousands)

			Trans	actions					Gross Toll I	Revenue		
		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
		Change		Change		Change		Change		Change		Change
		Over		Over		Over		Over		Over		Over
Fiscal		Prior		Prior		Prior		Prior		Prior		Prior
Year (1)	Cars	Year	Trucks	Year	Total	Year	Cars	Year	Trucks	Year	Total	Year
1994-95	114,033	6.9	15,620	9.5	129,653	7.2	\$165,850	4.9	\$131,749	7.2	\$297,599	5.9
1995-96	121,911	6.9	16,719	7.0	138,630	6.9	172,339	3.9	136,269	3.4	308,608	3.7
1996-97	126,654	3.9	17,479	4.5	144,133	4.0	179,303	4.0	140,837	3.4	320,140	3.7
1997-98	132,472	4.6	18,627	6.6	151,099	4.8	186,290	3.9	149,036	5.8	335,326	4.7
1998-99	136,399	3.0	19,833	6.5	156,232	3.4	191,804	3.0	158,761	6.5	350,565	4.5
1999-00	138,762	1.7	21,341	7.6	160,103	2.5	195,301	1.8	172,035	8.4	367,336	4.8
2000-01	141,033	1.6	21,278	(0.3)	162,311	1.4	193,563	(0.9)	172,337	0.2	365,900	(0.4)
2001-02	150,496	6.7	22,298	4.8	172,794	6.5	212,650	9.9	163,101	(5.4)	375,751	2.7
2002-03	156,220	3.8	23,179	4.0	179,399	3.8	219,201	3.1	168,021	3.0	387,222	3.1
2003-04	163,612	4.7	24,407	5.3	188,019	4.8	228,515	4.2	180,229	7.3	408,744	5.6
2004-05	163,316	(0.2)	25,109	2.9	188,425	0.2	309,032	35.2	236,126	31.0	545,158	33.4
2005-06	160,590	(1.7)	25,311	0.8	185,901	(1.3)	321,268	4.0	267,369	13.2	588,637	8.0
2006-07	160,107	(0.3)	25,316	0.0	185,423	(0.3)	322,781	0.5	269,861	0.9	592,642	0.7
2007-08	164,097	2.5	25,455	0.5	189,552	2.2	327,761	1.5	271,165	0.5	598,926	1.1
2008-09	162,638	(0.9)	23,583	(7.4)	186,220	(1.8)	356,345	8.7	259,259	(4.4)	615,605	2.8
2009-10	163,599	0.6	22,933	(2.8)	186,531	0.2	415,981	16.7	302,057	16.5	718,038	16.6
2010-11	165,231	1.0	23,812	3.8	189,043	1.3	435,752	4.8	328,105	8.6	763,856	6.4
2011-12	164,955	(0.2)	24,125	1.3	189,080	0.0	455,133	4.4	342,646	4.4	797,779	4.4
2012-13	163,690	(0.8)	24,207	0.3	187,897	(0.6)	471,514	3.6	350,226	2.2	821,740	3.0
2013-14	163,788	0.1	24,891	2.8	188,679	0.4	497,671	5.5	368,395	5.2	866,066	5.4
2014-15	166,192	1.5	26,144	5.0	192,336	1.9	533,054	7.1	401,197	8.9	934,251	7.9
2015-16 (2)	171,569	3.2	27,319	4.5	198,887	3.4	588,295	10.4	443,325	10.5	1,031,620	10.4
2016-17 (3,4)	172,799	0.7	27,703	1.4	200,501	0.8	638,787	8.6	476,188	7.4	1,114,975	8.1
2017-18 (5)	172,512	(0.2)	28,650	3.4	201,162	0.3	678,741	6.3	524,418	10.1	1,203,158	7.9
2018-19 (6,7)	173,429	0.5	29,625	3.4	203,054	0.9	740,578	9.1	594,808	13.4	1,335,385	11.0

			Average Annu	ıal Percent Change		
		Transactions			Gross Toll Revenue	
Fiscal Year	Cars	Trucks	Total	Cars	Trucks	Total
FY 1998-99 - FY 2008-09	1.8	1.7	1.8	6.4	5.0	5.8
FY 2008-09 - FY 2018-19	0.6	2.3	0.9	7.6	8.7	8.1
FY 1994-95 - FY 2018-19	1.8	2.7	1.9	6.4	6.5	6.5

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year beginning June 1.

Note: Refer to Table 1 for toll rate increase information.

⁽²⁾ The Delaware River Bridge toll plaza was converted from part of the Ticket System to a one-way barrier AET facility in January 2016.

⁽³⁾ The Delaware River Bridge was closed due to structural integrity concerns from January 20, 2017 to March 9, 2017.

⁽⁴⁾ AET conversion was implemented on Turnpike I-376 Beaver Valley Expressway in May 2017.

⁽⁵⁾ AET conversion and vehicle classification changes were implemented on the Northeast Extension Barrier Facilities in April 2018.

⁽⁶⁾ Toll by Plate surcharge for I-376 Beaver Valley Expressway was increased in October 2019.

⁽⁷⁾ AET conversion was implemented at Gateway Toll Plaza and Turnpike 66 in October 2019.



Monthly Transactions and Gross Toll revenue Trends

Tables 3 through 12 present recent monthly transaction and gross toll revenue trends from FY 2016-17 through April 2020 for all PTC facilities. The information is provided for passenger cars, commercial vehicles, and total vehicles. For comparative purposes, subtotals are provided for June through April for each fiscal year. The facilities are summarized in the following order:

- Table 3 the total Turnpike System (comprised of all the facilities listed below);
- Table 4 the Ticket System (comprised of I-76/I-276 and I-476);
- Table 5 the combined Barrier System (comprised of all facilities listed below);
- Table 6 Turnpike 43 (Mon/Fayette Expressway) (MFE);
- Table 7 Turnpike 66 (Amos K. Hutchinson Bypass) (AKH);
- Table 8 Northeast Extension (I-476) barrier plazas;
- Table 9 Turnpike I-376 (Beaver Valley Expressway) (BVE);
- Table 10 Turnpike I-576 (Southern Beltway Findlay Connector);
- Table 11 Delaware River Bridge (DRB); and
- Table 12 Gateway Toll Plaza.

The 2018 Investment Grade Study and 2019 Bring Down Letter both included the Gateway Toll Plaza with the Ticket System. With the conversion of the Gateway Toll Plaza to AET in October 2019, it is now reported as a stand-alone facility separate from the Ticket System. Gateway traffic and revenue data for previous years have been extracted from Ticket System data and included in Table 12, so year-to-year comparisons for both Table 4 and Table 12 are consistent.

As shown in Table 3, systemwide gross toll revenue increased by 7.9 percent in FY 2017-18 and 11.0 percent in FY 2018-19. Year-to-date (June 2019 through April 2020) toll revenue growth had declined by less than 0.1 percent compared to the same period in the prior year. Commercial vehicle toll revenue increased by 3.2 percent and passenger car toll revenue decreased by 2.7 percent from June 2019 through April 2020 compared to the same time period in the prior year. Annual toll revenue growth has exceeded annual transaction growth due to the annual toll increase adjustments. Year-to-date transactions decreased by 9.5 percent for passenger cars and 1.4 for commercial vehicles, resulting in an 8.3-percent decrease for total vehicles.



Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Total Turnpike System - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends

									_	oll Transactions (ctions (in 1,000s)									
			Pass	Passenger Cars	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tota	Total Vehicles	"		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg 20	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	15,395	0.3	15,438	(0.5)	15,361	(1.1)	15,187	2,550	1.0	2,575	6:0	2,596	(1.5)	2,557	17,945	0.4	18,013	(0.3)	17,958	(1.2)	17,744
July	15,783	(1.7)	15,522	0.3	15,566	0.1	15,583	2,419	(0.0)	2,419	6.3	2,573	3.7	2,668	18,202	(1.4)	17,942	1.1	18,138	9.0	18,251
August	15,967	(0.1)	15,957	1.1	16,134	(0.4)	16,071	2,616	1.7	2,662	3.5	2,755	(1.2)	2,722	18,583	0.2	18,619	1.5	18,889	(0.5)	18,793
September	14,817	(0.6)	14,724	(1.5)	14,503	0.5	14,582	2,442	(0.4)	2,431	(0.5)	2,418	5.0	2,539	17,260	(0.6)	17,156	(1.4)	16,921	1.2	17,121
October	15,236	(0.1)	15,221	1.2	15,396	(0.0)	15,389	2,429	4.9	2,547	7.3	2,732	1.4	2,770	17,665	9.0	17,768	2.0	18,128	0.2	18,159
November	14,458	(1.0)	14,317	(0.5)	14,242	(0.3)	14,193	2,236	3.9	2,323	3.0	2,391	0.5	2,403	16,695	(0.3)	16,640	(0.0)	16,633	(0.2)	16,597
December	14,051	(2.2)	13,746	1.7	13,982	(0.5)	13,911	2,153	(0.4)	2,146	2.5	2,198	3.3	2,271	16,204	(1.9)	15,891	1.8	16,180	0.0	16,182
January	12,609	(0.5)	12,542	(0.3)	12,504	5.6	12,826	2,014	8.0	2,175	4.3	2,268	3.7	2,353	14,622	0.7	14,718	0.4	14,772	2.8	15,179
February	11,407	4.8	11,958	(0.5)	11,930	4.4	12,459	1,815	12.0	2,034	1.9	2,073	5.2	2,182	13,223	2.8	13,992	0.1	14,003	4.5	14,640
March	13,416	1.3	13,591	3.1	14,018	(37.5)	8,765	2,216	3.5	2,295	3.4	2,372	(2.3)	2,245	15,632	1.6	15,886	3.2	16,389	(32.8)	11,010
April	14,400	(1.0)	14,259	1.2	14,426	(71.8)	4,074	2,268	5.2	2,387	8.9	2,549	(28.0)	1,836	16,668	(0.1)	16,646	2.0	16,975	(65.2)	5,911
May	15,260	(0.2)	15,237	6.0	15,367			2,542	4.5	2,657	1.6	2,698			17,802	0.5	17,893	1.0	18,065		
Total Year	172,799	(0.2)	172,512	0.5	173,429			27,703	3.4	28,650	3.4	29,625			200,501	0.3	201,162	6.0	203,054		
Jun - Apr	157,539	(0.2)	157,276	0.5	158,062	(9.5)	143,040	25,160	3.3	25,993	3.6	26,927	(1.4)	26,547	182,699	0.3	183,269	6.0	184,989	(8.3)	169,587

										I oll Revenue (in \$1,000s)	ine (in)	51,000s)									
			Pass	Passenger Cal	Sars					Comme	Commercial Veh	icles					Tota	Fotal Vehicles	8		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June		8.0	\$57,273 8.0 \$61,877 6.5 \$6	6.5	\$65,886	8.9	\$71,743	\$42,661	4.6	\$44,643	11.5	\$49,757	5.4	\$52,463	\$99,935	9.9	\$106,521	9.8	\$115,643	7.4	\$124,206
July		4.4	65,722	5.3	69,178	8.6	75,990	40,876	5.6	41,947	17.0	49,069	10.8	54,375	103,851	3.7	107,669	8.6	118,247	10.2	130,365
August		7.4	64,611	9.5	70,545	9.6	77,351	43,337	9.9	46,210	13.3	52,369	5.9	55,447	103,516	7.1	110,821	10.9	122,914	8.0	132,798
September		3.4	56,620	9.9	60,348	8.0	65,184	40,984	3.4	42,371	11.7	47,311	8.5	51,328	95,754	3.4	166'86	8.8	107,658	8.2	116,512
October		5.1	57,806	9.9	61,611	9.7	67,615	39,895	11.8	44,599	17.0	52,185	0.9	55,318	94,912	7.9	102,405	11.1	113,795	8.0	122,933
November		5.1	55,122	7.3	59,156	8.3	64,068	37,100	10.4	40,944	15.0	47,087	2.5	48,255	89,536	7.3	990'96	10.6	106,243	5.7	112,323
December		3.5	52,345	9.6	57,377	10.8	63,565	36,880	5.7	39,000	11.9	43,630	8.3	47,235	87,443	4.5	91,344	10.6	101,007	9.7	110,800
January		5.3	46,741	9.0	50,969	11.5	56,826	36,597	15.4	42,222	14.3	48,261	8.1	52,171	80,971	6.6	88,964	11.5	99,230	8.6	108,997
February		14.4	44,576	11.8	49,844	11.1	55,386	32,933	21.9	40,130	12.4	45,096	8.9	49,120	71,890	17.8	84,707	12.1	94,940	10.1	104,507
March		11.9	53,737	14.3	61,426	(38.8)	37,574	40,619	12.3	45,627	13.4	51,729	(5.4)	48,928	88,653	12.1	99,364	13.9	113,155	(23.6)	86,502
April		2.7	57,201	11.8	63,940	(73.2)	17,157	40,540	13.6	46,057	14.6	52,793	(20.2)	42,127	96,223	7.3	103,259	13.0	116,733	(49.2)	59,283
May		9.9	62,381	12.7	70,298			43,767	15.8	50,666	9.6	55,522			102,293	10.5	113,047	11.3	125,820		
Total Year		6.3	\$678,741	9.1	\$740,578			\$476,188	10.1	\$524,418	13.4	\$594,808			\$1,114,975	7.9	\$1,203,158	11.0	1,335,385		
Jun - Apr		6.2	\$616,359	8.7	\$670,280	(2.7)	\$652,460	\$432,422	9.6	\$473,752	13.8	\$539,286	3.2	\$556,766	\$1,012,683	9.7	\$1,090,111	11.0	1,209,566	(0.0)	1,209,226
	1																				

NOTES.

(1) Toll Increases occur every year with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exaggeated traffic and voll revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) The Debarvane River Bridge was closed due to structural integrity concerns from January 20, 2017 to March 9, 2017.

(4) Incresponse to the COVID-19 pandemic, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home orders for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(5) AET conversion was implemented on Turppike 1-376 Beaver Valley Expressway in May 2017.

(6) AET conversion and vehicle das Saffication changes were implemented on the Voltesast Exercision Barriar fadilities in April 2018.

(7) AET conversion and vehicle das Saffication changes were implemented on the Turppike 1-576 Findlay Connection in June 2018.



Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Ticket System - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends

									ŕ	oll Transactions (tions (ir	1,000s)									
			Pass	Passenger Cars	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	cles					Total	Total Vehicles			
Month	2016-17	% Chg		% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19 %	% Chg 2	2019-20
June	11,681	0.1	11,695	(1.0)	11,580	(3.3)	11,195	1,942	(0.2)	1,938	0.0	1,939	(2.7)	1,887	13,623	0.1	13,633	(0.8)	13,519	3.2)	13,082
July	11,813			(0.5)	11,596	(2.0)	11,365	1,845	(1.5)	1,817	5.4	1,915	2.7	1,967	13,658	(1.4)	13,471	0.3	13,512	1.3)	13,332
August	12,006			0.0	12,019	(1.9)	11,786	1,993	0.1	1,995	2.3	2,040	(1.7)	2,006	13,999	0.1	14,009	0.4	14,059	(1.9)	13,792
September	11,186			(2.5)	10,836	(0.6)	10,768	1,857	(1.9)	1,823	(1.8)	1,790	4.3	1,867	13,044	(6.0)	12,933	(2.4)	12,626	0.1	12,635
October	11,551			(0.6)	11,483	(0.8)	11,387	1,846	3.6	1,913	2.8	2,024	0.4	2,031	13,397	0.5	13,459	0.4		(0.7)	13,418
November	11,016			(5.6)	10,625	(0.5)	10,574	1,697	3.3	1,754	1.7	1,784	(0.8)	1,770	12,713	(0.4)	12,659	(2.0)	12,409	(0.5)	12,343
December	10,749			(0.0)	10,463	(1.1)	10,347	1,655	(1.0)	1,638	8.0	1,650	2.2	1,686	12,404	(2.4)	12,102	0.1	~	(0.7)	12,033
January	9,816			(2.1)	9,453	1.8	9,623	1,564	0.9	1,658	2.5	1,699	2.7	1,745	11,381	(0.6)	11,313	(1.4)	11,152	1.9	11,368
February	9,030			(2.4)	8,931	4.8	9,358	1,441	8.9	1,539	0.5	1,547	4.5	1,616	10,472	2.1	10,691	(5.0)	10,478	4.7	10,974
March	10,344			1.8	10,475	(39.5)	6,334	1,711	1.2	1,732	1.7	1,762	(6.5)	1,647	12,054	(0.3)	12,020	1.8	_	34.8)	7,981
April	10,971			(1.0)	10,728	(74.9)	2,692	1,727	3.9	1,795	4.7	1,880	(29.3)	1,329	12,698	(0.5)	12,631	(0.2)	12,608 (6	8.1)	4,021
May	11,557			(1.0)	11,371			1,916	3.4	1,981	0.5	1,990			13,474	(0.1)	13,465	(0.8)	13,361		
Total Year	131,721			(1.0)	129,559			21,195	1.8	21,582	2.0	22,020			152,915	(0.3)	152,387	(0.5)	151,579		
Jun - Apr	120,163	(0.7)	119,321	(0.9)	118,188	(10.8)	105,429	19,278	1.7	19,601	2.2	20,030	(5.4)	19,550	139,442	(0.4)	138,922	(0.5)	138,218 (9.6)	124,979

			Pass	Passenger Car	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Total	Total Vehicles	s		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$48,540 9.0 \$52,913	9.0	\$52,913	6.5	\$56,349	7.6	\$60,635	\$37,574	4.6	\$39,308	11.7	\$43,898	5.1	\$46,135	\$86,113	7.1	\$92,221	8.7	\$100,247	6.5	\$106,77
July	53,525	5.2	56,299	5.0	59,123	8.5	64,149	36,068	2.4	36,939	17.2	43,294	10.4	47,784	89,593	4.1	93,238	8.6	102,417	9.3	111,93
August	51,004	8.2	55,199	9.1	60,200	8.8	65,501	38,164	9.9	40,669	13.5	46,144	5.5	48,699	89,168	7.5	95,868	10.9	106,344	7.4	114,200
September	46,395	3.9	48,195	6.3	51,234	7.0	54,814	36,039	3.5	37,290	12.0	41,775	7.7	45,003	82,434	3.7	85,485	89	93,009	7.3	18,66
October	46,690	9.6	49,321	5.3	51,943	9.7	57,006	35,017	12.0	39,232	17.0	45,892	5.4	48,375	81,707	8.4	88,553	10.5	97,835	7.7	105,381
November	44,524	0.9	47,189	5.8	49,943	9.7	53,745	32,451	10.9	35,991	15.4	41,520	1.1	41,992	76,975	8.1	83,181	10.0	91,463	4.7	95,73
December	42,977	3.8	44,599	8.3	48,312	10.0	53,142	32,414	6.1	34,402	11.8	38,457	7.1	41,206	75,390	4.8	79,001	8.6	86,769	8.7	94,348
January	38,258	4.3	39,895	7.4	42,828	10.1	47,167	32,708	14.4	37,423	13.8	42,586	7.4	45,721	70,967	8.9	77,318	10.5	85,414	8.8	92,888
February	34,772	9.3	38,015	10.1	41,868	10.5	46,274	30,228	17.6	35,551	12.0	39,811	8.3	43,112	65,001	13.2	73,566	11.0	81,679	9.4	88,386
March	41,479	10.5	45,839	12.8	51,714	(40.2)	30,904	36,315	11.4	40,462	12.9	45,684	(6.7)	42,610	77,793	10.9	86,301	12.9	97,398	(24.5)	73,515
April	47,629	2.7	48,924	10.1	53,860	(75.2)	13,360	35,780	13.9	40,759	13.9	46,431	(21.4)	36,517	83,409	7.5	89,683	11.8	100,291	(20.3)	49,87
May	49,996	9.9	53,304	11.3	59,310			38,497	16.2	44,726	9.1	48,818			88,493	10.8	98,030	10.3	108,128		
Total Year	\$545,788	6.2	\$579,692	8.1	\$626,685			\$421,255	6.6	\$462,754	13.3	\$524,309			\$967,044	7.8	\$1,042,446	10.4	\$1,150,994		
Jun - Apr	\$495,793	6.2	\$526389	7.8	\$567 374	(3.6)	\$5.46,698	\$382 758	0 0	\$418 027	13.7	\$475 491	2.5	\$487.153	\$878 551	7 5	\$944 416	104	\$1 042 866	(60)	\$1033.85

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases occur every year with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exaggerated fraffic and the serve impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) The Depared River Bedge was closed facel for structural integrity concerns from January 20, 2017 to March 9, 2017.

(4) In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home orders for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.



Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Combined Barrier Facilities - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends

			Pas	Passenger Cars	ars					Comu	Commercial Vehicles	hicles					Tota	Total Vehicles			
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
nne	3,714	8.0	3,743	1.0	3,782	5.5	3,992	609	4.5	989	3.3	657	1.9	670	4,322	1.3	4,379	1.4	4,439	5.0	4,661
	3,970	(2.5)	3,869	5.6	3,970	. 6.3	4,218	574	4.9	602	9.5	657	6.7	702	4,544	(1.6)	4,471	3.5	4,627	6.3	4,920
igust	3,961	(0.5)	3,942	4.4	4,115	4.1	4,286	624	7.0	299	7.1	715	0.1	716	4,585	0.5	4,610	4.8	4,830	3.5	5,002
ptember	3,631	(0.5)	3,614	1.5	3,667	4.0	3,814	585	4.1	609	3.2	628	6.9	672	4,216	0.2	4,223	1.7	4,295	4.4	4,486
ctober	3,685	(0.3)	3,674		3,913	2.3	4,001	583	8.8	635	11.6	709	4.3	739	4,268	6.0	4,309	7.3	4,621	5.6	4,740
ovember	3,443	(6.0)	3,412	0.9		0.1	3,620	539	5.5	269	8.9	209	4.3	634	3,982	(0.0)	3,981	6.1	4,225	0.7	4,25
December	3,302	(9.0)	3,282		3,519	1.3	3,564	498	1.9	208	7.9	548	6.7	585	3,800	(0.3)	3,790	7.3	4,068	5.0	4,149
nuary	2,792		2,887			2.0	3,203	450	15.1	517	10.0	269	8.9	809	3,242	2.0	3,404	6.3	3,620	5.3	3,81
bruary	2,377	18.0	2,806	6.9	2,999	3.4	3,101	374	32.3	495	6.4	526	7.5	995	2,751	20.0	3,301	8.9	3,525	4.0	3,66
arch	3,072	7.5	3,303	7.3	3,543	(31.4)	2,431	505	11.3	562	8.5	610	(1.9)	298	3,577	8.1	3,865	7.4	4,153	(27.0)	3,030
E	3,428	(0.2)	3,423	8.0	3,698	(62.6)	1,382	541	9.3	592	13.1	699	(24.1)	208	3,970	1.1	4,015	8.8	4,367	(26.7)	1,890
Áe	3,703	1.3	3,752	6.5	3,996			929	8.0	929	4.7	708			4,329	2.3	4,428	6.2	4,704		
Total Year	41,078	1.5	41,707	5.2	43,870	1 =		6,508	8.6	7,068	7.6	7,605			47,586	2.5	48,775	5.5	51,475		
Jun-Apr	37,375	1.6	37,955	5.1	39,874	(5.7)	37,611	5,882	8.7	6,392	7.9	6,897	1.5	266'9	43,257	2.5	44,347	5.5	46,771	(4.6)	44,608

										Toll Revenue (in \$1,000s)	nue (in §	(3000'L									
			Pas	Passenger Car	Cars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tota	Total Vehicles	S		
Month	2016-17 % Chg	% Chg	2	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$8,734	5.6	\$8,964 6.4	6.4	\$9,537	, 16.5	\$11,108	\$5,087	4.9	\$5,335	8.6	\$5,859	8.0	\$6,328	\$13,821	3.5	\$14,299	7.7	\$15,396	13.2	\$17,436
July	9,451	(0.3)		6.7	10,055	17.8	11,841	4,807	4.2	5,009	15.3	5,775	14.1	6,591	14,258	1.2	14,431	9.7	15,830	16.4	18,433
August	9,175 2.6	2.6		9.9	10,344	14.6	11,850	5,172	7.1	5,541	12.4	6,225	8.4	6,748	14,348	4.2	14,953	10.8	16,570	12.2	18,598
September	8,375	9.0		8.2	9,114	13.8	10,370	4,945	2.8	5,082	6:8	5,535	14.3	6,326	13,320	1.4	13,507	8.5	14,649	14.0	16,696
October	8,327	1.9		13.9	899'6	7.6	10,609	4,878	10.0	5,368	17.2	6,293	10.3	6,943	13,205	4.9	13,853	15.2	15,961	10.0	17,552
November	7,912	0.3		16.1	9,214	12.0	10,323	4,649	6.5	4,952	12.4	5,567	12.5	6,263	12,562	5.6	12,885	14.7	14,780	12.2	16,586
December	7,586	2.1		17.0	90'6	15.0	10,423	4,467	5.9	4,597	12.5	5,173	16.6	6,029	12,052	2.4	12,343	15.4	14,238	15.6	16,452
January	6,116	12.0		18.9	8,141	18.6	6'96	3,888	23.4	4,799	18.2	5,675	13.7	6,450	10,004	16.4	11,646	18.6	13,816	16.6	16,109
February	4,184	26.8		21.6	7,976	14.3	9,112	2,704	69.3	4,580	15.4	5,285	13.7	600′9	6,889	61.7	11,141	19.0	13,261	14.0	15,121
March	6,554	20.5		23.0	9,712	(31.3)	6,670	4,305	20.0	5,165	17.0	6,045	4.5	6,317	10,859	20.3	13,063	50.6	15,757	(17.6)	12,987
April	8,054	2.8		21.8	10,080	(62.3)	3,796	4,760	11.3	5,298	20.1	6,362	(11.8)	5,610	12,814	5.9	13,575	21.1	16,443	(42.8)	9,406
May	8,531	6.4	9,078	21.0	10,988			5,270	12.7	5,940	12.9	6,704			13,800	8.8	15,017	17.8	17,691		
Total Year	\$92,999		\$99,048	15.0	\$113,893	1 =-		\$54,933	12.3	\$61,664	14.3	\$70,498			\$147,932	9.8	\$160,712	14.7	\$184,392		
Jun-Apr	\$84,468	6.5	\$89,971	14.4	\$102,906	3.8	\$105,762	\$49,664	12.2	\$55,724	14.5	\$63,795	9.1	\$69,613	\$134,132	9.8	\$145,695	14.4	\$166,700	5.2	\$175,375

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases occur every year with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exaggerated traffic and foil revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) The Debaware River Bridge was closed due to structural integrity on connection handary 20, 2017 to March 9, 2017.

(3) The Debaware River Bridge was closed due to voncents from handary 20, 2017 to March 9, 2017.

(4) In response to the Cov/Log pandenic, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home order for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(5) AET Conversions at Beaver Valley Expressway, NE Extension Barrier Plazas, Findley Connector, Amos K Hutchinson Bypass, and Gateway Toll Plaza in May 2017, April 2018, June 2018, October 2019, and October 2019 respectively.



Turnpike 43 - Mon/Fayette Expressway - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included

									_	Foll Transactions (in 1,000s	ctions (in 1,000s)									
			Pas	Passenger Cars	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tot	Total Vehicles	s		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	1,083	(1.0)	1,072	0.7	1,079	(1.6)	1,061	95	2.4	76	(0.1)	76	0.0	46	1,178	(0.8)	1,169	9.0	1,176	(1.5)	1,158
July	1,112	(3.9)	1,068	4.7	1,118	(1.6)	1,099	98	8.9	94	6.2	66	9.7	109	1,198	(3.0)	1,161	4.8	1,217	(0.7)	1,208
August	1,141	(2.2)	1,116	3.0	1,149	(5.9)	1,116	95	12.8	107	(2.6)	101	0.1	102	1,236	(1.0)	1,223	2.3	1,251	(2.7)	1,217
September	1,107		1,076	0.4	1,080	(1.2)	1,067	68	9.1	46	(2.5)	95	4.0	66	1,196	(1.9)	1,173	0.2	1,175	(0.8)	1,166
October	1,134	(1.6)	1,116	4.1	1,162	(3.5)	1,121	68	15.6	103	5.6	108	4.0	113	1,223	(0.3)	1,219	4.2	1,270	(5.9)	1,233
November	1,013		980	4.8	1,027	(2.6)	970	78	9.5	86	5.9	91	(4.3)	87	1,091	(2.3)	1,066	4.9	1,118	(2.5)	1,057
December	984	(3.3)	952		296	(2.0)	948	73	(1.8)	71	4.6	75	(4.8)	71	1,057	(3.2)	1,023	1.8	1,042	(2.2)	1,019
January	902		876	0.4	880	1.3	891	63	12.2	71	10.1	78	(3.8)	75	962	(1.9)	947	1.1	957	6:0	996
February	892		870	1.5	884	(1.7)	898	92	9.6	71	6.0	72	(6.5)	29	957	(1.6)	942	1.5	926	(2.1)	936
March	1,028	(3.2)	995		1,015	(30.4)	200	78	(0.4)	78	11.4	87	(18.7)	71	1,106	(3.0)	1,073	2.7	1,102	(29.5)	777
April	1,029	(0.3)	1,026	2.7	1,053	(57.2)	451	82	6.9	88	13.1	66	(37.5)	62	1,111	0.2	1,113	3.5	1,152	(55.5)	513
May	1,085	1.2	1,098	1.3	1,111			86	8.1	106	(2.0)	104			1,183	1.7	1,204	1.0	1,215		
Total Year	12,508	(2.1)	12,244	2.3	12,524			992	7.8	1,070	3.5	1,107	1		13,500	(1.4)	13,313	2.4	13,631	l	
Jun - Apr	11,423	(2.4)	11,146	2.4	11,413	(8.6)	10,299	894	7.8	963	4.1	1,003	(2.0)	952	12,317	(1.7)	12,109	2.5	12,416	(9.4)	11,251
										Toll Revenue (in \$1 000s)	ini) ein	(4 000s)									
			0	200000000000000000000000000000000000000							Communical Vehicles	1,000,1					Ė	Total Mahinda			

										I Oll Revenue (in \$1,000s	nue (III	\$1,000s)									
			Pas	Passenger Car	Cars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tota	Total Vehicles	ş		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2016-17 %Chg 2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$1,597	3.9	\$1,659	6.8	\$1,772	7.5	\$1,904	\$380	12.2	\$426	8.5	\$462	8.3	\$500	\$1,976	5.5	\$2,085	7.1	\$2,234	7.6	\$2,404
July	1,621	3.1	1,671	12.4	1,877	6.5	2,000	346	15.9	400	17.8	471	18.0	556	1,966	5.3	2,071	13.4	2,349	8.8	2,556
August	1,678 2.6	2.6	1,722	10.6	1,904	1 3.7	1,974	380	20.0	457	4.6	478	8.9	520	2,058	5.9	2,179	9.3	2,382	4.7	2,494
September	1,606	2.2	1,642		1,769	7.4	1,901	364	14.9	418	6.9	447	8.6	491	1,970	4.5	2,060	7.6	2,216	7.9	2,392
October	1,654	3.5			1,898	3 4.5	1,983	363	20.5	437	16.3	208	9.3	256	2,017	6.5	2,148	12.0	2,406	5.5	2,538
November	1,443	3.7			1,684	1 0.9	1,700	321	16.1	373	16.0	432	3.3	446	1,764	5.9	1,869	13.3	2,116	1.4	2,147
December	1,419	1.9			1,625	3.4	1,680	301	5.0	316	18.3	374	8.0	377	1,719	2.5	1,762	13.5	1,999	5.9	2,056
January	1,348	3.8			1,542	6.6	1,692	277	19.6	331	22.1	404	5.7	427	1,624	6.5	1,730	12.5	1,946	8.9	2,119
February	1,348	4.1			1,548	5.9	1,639	289	18.5	343	10.4	378	2.8	389	1,637	9.9	1,746	10.4	1,926	5.3	2,028
March	1,568	2.2	1,602	11.9	1,792	(26.1)	1,324	351	8.2	380	21.5	462	(14.3)	396	1,919	3.3	1,982	13.7	2,254	(23.7)	1,720
April	1,568	9.9	1,672	11.4	1,862	(53.1)	873	362	16.3	421	22.1	513	(29.3)	363	1,930	8.4	2,093	13.5	2,376	(48.0)	1,236
May	1,666	7.9	1,798	10.4	1,986			428	16.6	499	8.7	543			2,094	9.7	2,298	10.1	2,529		
Total Year	\$18,516	3.8	\$19,222	10.6	\$21,261			\$4,161	15.4	\$4,800	14.0	\$5,472			\$22,677	5.9	\$24,021	11.3	\$26,732		
Jun - Apr	\$16,850	3.4	\$17,423	10.6	\$19,274	(3.1)	\$18,670	\$3,732	15.2	\$4,300	14.6	\$4,929	1.8	\$5,020	\$20,582	5.5	\$21,724	11.4	\$24,204	(2.1)	\$23,690

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases ocut everyyear with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap van cocurred in 2020, resulting in esaggerated traffic and fold revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) In response to the COVD-19 pandemic, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home orders for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.



Turnpike 66 - Amos K. Hutchinson Bypass - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Table 7

										Foll Transactions (in 1,000s)	ctions (in 1,000s)									
,			Pass	Passenger Cars	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tot	Total Vehicles	ş		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	% Chg 2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	563	0.7	267		556	(2.7)	541	93	7.4	100	1.0	101	(6.1)	95	929	1.6	299	(1.5)	657	(3.2)	989
July	260	(1.3)	553	1.1	559	(0.7)	555	88	7.1	94	7.2	101	(0.9)	100	648	(0.2)	647	2.0	099	(0.7)	655
August	572	1.0	578	8.0	583	(1.5)	574	96	8.1	104	3.6	108	(3.8)	104	699	2.0	682	1.2	691	(1.8)	829
September	260	(0.4)	558	(0.5)	555	(3.2)	538	94	6.0	95	(5.5)	92	3.0	95	654	(0.2)	653	(0.8)	648	(2.3)	633
October	577	(0.4)	575	1.0	280	0.1	581	92	5.9	86	8.1	105	(0.7)	105	699	0.5	672	2.0	989	(0.0)	989
November	542	(0.9)	537	(1.2)	531	(3.3)	513	80	5.4	84	2.4	98	(0.6)	85	621	(0.1)	621	(0.7)	617	(5.9)	299
December	540	(2.1)	529	0.7	533	(3.1)	517	70	9.6	74	7.8	8	(3.0)	77	610	(1.2)	603	1.6	612	(3.1)	594
January	487	(1.0)	482	(1.4)	475	2.3	486	69	12.1	77	5.7	81	5.0	83	555	9.0	258	(0.4)	226	2.2	269
February	467	(1.4)	460	0.1	461	1.3	467	29	6.7	71	9.6	75	1.0	92	533	(0.4)	531	0.8	536	1.3	542
March	537	(0.8)	533	(1.2)	527	(592)	387	82	1.9	84	(3.3)	81	(4.0)	78	620	(0.5)	617	(1.5)	809	(23.5)	465
April	548	(2.1)	536		538	(49.6)	271	88	2.1	06	3.8	93	(26.4)	69	989	(1.5)	979	8.0	631	(46.1)	340
May	577	0.3	579		570			66	2.8	101	(2.4)	66			929	0.7	089	(1.7)	699		
Total Year	6,530	(0.7)	6,486	(0.3)	6,466			1,016	5.3	1,071	5.9	1,102			7,546	0.1	7,556	0.2	7,568		
Jun - Apr	5,953	(0.8)	5,907		5,897	(7.9)	5,430	918	5.6	696	3.5	1,003	(3.7)	965	6,870	0.1	6,876	0.3	6,900	(7.3)	96£′9

			Passenger Cars	enger Ca	ars					Comm	Commercial Vehicles	hicles					Tota	Total Vehicles	St		
Month	2016-17 % Chg 2017-18	% Chg		% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June		7.0	\$951	4.6	\$995	4.8	\$1,043	\$400	13.1	\$452	11.4	\$504	(2.1)	\$493	\$1,289	8.9	\$1,403	8.9	\$1,499	2.5	\$1,536
July	894	4.8	938	7.1	1,004	7.6	1,080	384	11.0	426	15.9	494	5.9	208	1,278	6.7	1,364	8.6	1,498	6.1	1,588
August	905	6.9	964	7.4	1,036	9.9	1,104	429	10.1	473	9.6	518	2.5	531	1,331	7.9	1,437	8.2	1,554	5.2	1,636
September	883	5.4	931	6.4	991	3.8	1,029	419	3.5	434	3.1	447	7.4	480	1,302	4.8	1,364	5.4	1,438	4.9	1,509
October	912	5.2	096	6.5	1,023	1.3	1,036	405	8.6	445	16.4	518	(3.7)	499	1,318	6.7	1,405	6.7	1,541	(0.3)	1,536
November	847	5.3	892	4.8	934	12.1	1,047	341	14.1	389	6.4	414	6.9	443	1,188	7.9	1,281	5.3	1,349	10.5	1,490
December	845	4.1	879	7.0	941	7.1	1,008	304	12.3	341	15.0	392	6.0	396	1,149	6.2	1,220	9.3	1,334	5.3	1,40
January	787	5.3	829	7.1	888	8.5	896	317	17.6	373	12.6	420	1.1	425	1,104	8.9	1,202	8.8	1,308	6.1	1,388
February	167	4.9	804	8.3	871	3.5	901	314	12.7	354	10.9	392	(5.9)	381	1,081	7.2	1,158	9.1	1,264	1.5	1,28
March		2.8	935	7.4	1,004	(30.5)	869	389	6.5	414	3.5	429	(12.6)	375	1,273	6.1	1,350	6.2	1,433	(25.1)	1,073
April	913	3.6	946	8.4	1,026	(49.8)	515	407	9.5	446	8.9	485	(58.9)	345	1,320	5.4	1,392	9.8	1,511	(43.1)	86
May	962	6.4	1,024	6.5				447	10.4	493	3.9	513			1,409	7.7	1,518	9.5	1,603		
Total Year	\$10,486	5.4	\$11,054	8.9	\$11,804			\$4,556	10.6	\$5,041	9.7	\$5,528			\$15,042	7.0	\$16,095	7.7	\$17,331		
Jun - Apr	\$9,523	5.3	\$10,029	8.9	\$10,713	(2.7)	\$10,425	\$4,109	10.7	\$4,547	10.3	\$5,015	(2.7)	\$4,877	\$13,633	6.9	\$14,577	7.9	\$15,728	(2.7)	\$15,30

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases occur everyyear with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exaggerated traffic and toll revenue impacts in rebruary 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) Incresporse to the COVID-19 pandemit, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home order is for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(4) AET conversion occurred in October 2019.



Northeast Extension Barrier Plazas - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included

roll Transactions (in 1,000s)	Commercial Vehicles Total Vehicles	2017-18 %Chg 2018-19 %Chg 2019-20 2016-17 %Chg 2017-18 %Chg 2018-19 %Chg 2019-20	518 1.2 524 0.1 525 9.6	619	809	493 (1.6) 486 0.9 490 10.0	491 (3.0) 476 6.5 507 9.7	91 6.0 96 3.8 100 466 (2.4) 454 2.0 463 3.6 480	411 (1.3) 406 2.8 417 4.0	358 (3.5) 345	80 2.0 82 10.4 90 344 (2.0) 337 2.2 344 6.9 368	89 6.9 95 3.0 98 384 2.6 394 4.6 412 (25.9) 306	91 13.4 103 (18.9) 83 466 (8.0) 429 9.4 469 (64.1) 168	507 5.4	1,132 7.5 1,216 5,724 (3.2) 5,540 3.9 5,759	1,025 7.6 1,102 5.2 1,160 5,158 (2.4) 5,034 3.8 5,225 (0.6) 5,195
		2019-20 2016-17	462	260	280	423	438	381	340	282	27.7	208	85			4,035
	Cars	2018-19 % Chg	(417 10.7	488 14.7	530 9.3	389 8.7	397 10.4	367 3.6	331 2.9	257 9.6	262 5.9	318 (34.5)	366 (76.9)	420	4,542	4,122 (2.1)
	Passenger Cars	2017-18 % Chg	420 (0.7)	494 (1.2)	481 10.3	390 (0.1)	380 4.4	364 1.0	323 2.3	258 (0.2)	256 2.3	305 4.0	338 8.3	400 5.1	4,409 3.0	4,009 2.8
		2016-17 % Chg	417 0.7	519 (4.8)	502 (4.2)	396 (1.6)		376 (3.3)	329 (1.6)	277 (6.9)	267 (4.0)	297 2.9	376 (10.2)	454 (11.9)	4,608 (4.3)	4,154 (3.5)
		Month	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	Total Year	Jun - Apr

										Toll Revenue (in \$1,000s)	ue (in \$	1,000s)									
			Pass	Passenger Cars	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	cles					Tot	Total Vehicles	S		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19 9	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$392		\$413		\$452	17.9	\$533	\$477	6.3	\$506	19.7	\$607	11.1	\$674	\$868	5.9	\$920	15.1	\$1,058	14.0	\$1,207
July	494		200		524	27.8	699	462	4.8	484	22.9	265	20.5	717	926	3.0	984	13.7	1,119	23.9	1,386
August	477		479		583	18.8	693	495	4.1	516	29.2	999	12.4	749	972	2.4	995	25.6	1,250	15.4	1,442
September	370		384		435	15.0	200	457	1.1	462	22.3	999	22.9	9	827	2.3	846	18.3	1,001	19.5	1,195
October	351		371		424	22.4	519	430	10.6	476	33.7	989	14.9	731	781	8.5	847	25.1	1,060	17.9	1,250
November	366		353		392	12.2	440	422	7.5	454	26.3	574	10.5	634	789	2.3	807	19.7	965	11.2	1,073
December	287		312		342	14.1	390	390	6.9	417	25.6	524	15.1	603	229	7.7	729	18.7	866	14.7	993
January	276		249		302	21.2	366	410	8.6	450	28.3	218	15.5	299	989	1.9	669	25.7	879	17.5	1,033
February	260		248		306	14.0	349	387	7.0	414	56.9	525	15.9	609	647	2.3	661	25.7	831	15.2	928
March	290		297		373	(31.3)	256	447	2.2	457	34.0	612	9.9	652	736	2.4	754	30.6	984	(7.8)	806
April	374	(10.0)	336	28.3	432	_	118	449	4.3	468	38.7	649	(9.4)	588	823	(2.2)	802	34.3	1,081	(34.7)	206
May	452		422	16.1	490			554	11.9	620	12.3	969			1,006	3.6	1,042	13.8	1,186		
Total Year	\$4,388	(0.5)	\$4,366	15.8	\$5,054			\$5,381	6.4	\$5,724	26.2	\$7,227			\$9,769	3.3	\$10,090	21.7	\$12,281		
Jun - Apr	\$3,936	0.2	\$3,943	15.7	\$4,563	5.9	\$4,832	\$4,827	5.8	\$5,105	27.9	\$6,531	12.1	\$7,318	\$8,762	3.3	\$9,048	22.6	\$11,094	9.5	\$12,151

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases occur everyyear with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) I seapwer occurred in 2020, respirator for the follor revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) I response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Schools were obsers state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home orders for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(4) AFT conversion and vehicle classification changes were implemented in April 2018.



Turnpike I-376 - Beaver Valley Expressway - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Table 9

										5	Sacilo	OIL FRIISACTIONS (III 1,000S	9								
			Pas	Passenger Cars	Cars					Con	nmercia	Commercial Vehicles					ΤoΤ	Total Vehicles	es		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	ng 2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	562	5.4	592	4.8	621	3.7	644	111	12.9		126 1	1.4 1.27	(3.9)	9) 122	673	9.9	718	4.2	748	2.4	992
July	588	1.0	593		643	3 2.8	661	104	10.1	11	114 12	12.8 129	(0.7)	7) 128	691	2.3	707	9.1	771	2.2	788
August	579	4.2	604	12.1	229	(0.2)	(675	113	3 12.1	_	127 11.5	.5 142	12 (5.2)		693	5.5	730	12.0	818	(1.1)	809
September	550	0.9	583		619	9 2.0		104	13.5		118 2	2.7 122	2.6	5 125	654	7.2	702	5.6	741	2.1	756
October	553	4.3	577		657	7 2.0	029	105	5 15.1	_	120 16	140 140	_	3) 132	658	0.9	869	14.1	796	9.0	801
November	509	6.2	541	9.5	591	1 0.5	593	95	5 10.4		105 6	6.6 112	(3.1)	108	909	6.9	646	8.8	703	(0.1)	702
December	497	7.4	534		582	0.4		80	13.5		91 8	8.2 9	99 (4.8)		577	8.3	625	9.0	681	(0.3)	829
January	450	6.3	478	8.5	519	5.1	545	80	12.9		90 11	11.5 101	(3.5)		530	7.3	269	9.0	620	3.7	642
February	432	7.7	465		208	3 2.0	518	78	3 16.4		91 4	4.2 9	95 (1.7)	7) 93	510	9.0	556	8.4	603	1.4	611
March	499	10.6	552	8.1	969) 402	92	2 15.3		106 2	2.9 10	109 (12.2)	5) 96	591	11.4	658	7.2	705	(29.4)	498
April	511	11.2	268	7.9	613	(62.7)) 229	93	3 23.0		115 8	8.8 125	25 (32.9)	9) 84	604	13.0	683	8.0	738	(57.7)	312
May	556	12.2	623	5.9	099	_		108	3 21.4		132 0	0.7 133	22		664	13.7	755	2.0	793		
Total Year	6,286	8.9	6,711	8.6	7,			1,16	1 14.7	7 1,335		7.2 1,431	11		7,450	8.0	8,046	8.3	8,717		
Jun - Apr	5,730	6.2	6,088	8.8	6,625	(7.1)	6,154	1,055	5 14.0	1,203		7.9 1,298	(9.9) 86	5) 1,212	6,786	7.4	7,291	8.7	7,924	(7.0)	7,366

Month			Pass	Passenger Cal	ars					Comm	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tota	Total Vehicles	ç		
	2016-17 %Chg 2017-18	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	%Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$764	6.0	\$771	8.6	\$847	12.5	\$953	\$381	(3.1)	\$369	1.6	\$375	3.0	\$386	\$1,144	(0.4)	\$1,140	7.2	\$1,221	9.6	\$1,339
July	810	(3.7)	780	12.2	875	15.1	1,007	347	(4.4)	332	12.3	373	7.5	401	1,157	(3.9)	1,112	12.3	1,248	12.8	1,408
August	780	6.0	787	18.7	935	7.3	1,003	381	(4.1)	366	13.5	415	0.4	417	1,162	(0.7)	1,153	17.1	1,350	5.2	1,420
September	738	1.4	748	15.0	861	11.1	957	352	(0.7)	349	2.3	357	10.4	394	1,090	0.7	1,098	11.0	1,218	10.9	1,351
October	744	9.0	749	19.2	892	16.8	1,042	348	(1.9)	341	20.1	410	2.7	421	1,092	(0.2)	1,090	19.5	1,302	12.3	1,463
November	677	2.7	695	15.5	803	34.9	1,083	317	(4.0)	304	7.1	326	15.5	376	994	0.5	666	13.0	1,129	29.3	1,459
December	663	3.0	683	14.8	784	34.7	1,057	270	(0.7)	268	8.9	286	14.4	327	933	1.9	951	12.6	1,070	29.3	1,384
January	619	3.7	642	18.9	763	29.3	987	286	(6.7)	266	15.4	307	10.5	340	905	0.4	806	17.9	1,071	23.9	1,327
February	604 3.1	3.1	623	21.2	755	21.3	916	279	(0.2)	278	8.6	302	7.8	326	883	2.1	901	17.3	1,057	17.4	1,242
March	700	8.9	748	20.4	006	(29.2)	637	331	(2.1)	324	10.1	356	(8.3)	327	1,031	3.9	1,071	17.3	1,257	(23.3)	964
April	717	9.0	781	17.8	920	(26.9)	397	332	4.0	345	16.9	403	(25.7)	299	1,048	7.4	1,126	17.5	1,323	(47.4)	969
May	687	21.9	837	17.5	984			321	21.1	389	9.7	426			1,008	21.7	1,226	15.0	1,411		
Total Year	\$8,504	4.0	\$8,845	16.7	\$10,321			\$3,943	(0.3)	\$3,931	10.3	\$4,337			\$12,447	5.6	\$12,776	14.7	\$14,657		
Jun - Apr	\$7,817	2.4	\$8,007	16.6	\$9,336	7.5	\$10,039	\$3,622	(2.2)	\$3,542	10.4	\$3,910	5.6	\$4,013	\$11,439	1.0	\$11,550	14.7	\$13,247	6.1	\$14,053

NOTES:

(1) Tol Increases occur everyyear with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exaggerated traffic and toll revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) Incresporse to the COVID-19 pandemic, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home order is for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(4) AET conversion occurred in May 2017.



Turnpike I-576 - Southern Beltway - Findlay Connector - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Table 10

										5	פערווס	TOIL HAIISACHOIIS (III 1,000S)	6								
			Pas	Passenger Cars	ars					Con	nmercial	Commercial Vehicles					Tot	Total Vehicles	Š		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	g 2017-18	% Chg	g 2018-19	% Chg	3 2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
	151	4.1	157	(11.0)	140	0.5	140	19	9 (2.3)		19 16.5		22 54.	2 33	170	3.4	175	(8.1)	161	7.7	174
July	162	(2.7)	158	(11.2)	140	5.8	148	18	3 11.0		20 8.8		22 23.0	0 27	180	(1.3)	178	(8.9)	162	8.1	175
	168	5.6	172	(19.3)	139	7.4	149	20	0 15.2		23 28.8		30 (2.3)	3) 29	188	4.0	196	(13.6)	169	5.7	179
nber	151	2.1	154	(19.3)	124	10.8	137	18	8 23.0		22 37.1		31 (3.2)		169	4.3	176	(12.2)	155	8.0	167
<u>.</u>	154	6.5	164	(15.5)	139	8.6	151	24	4 (8.0)	(0	22 17.2		25 38.7	7 35	178	4.6	186	(11.7)	164	13.2	186
per	147	0.2	148		128	4.0	133	19	9 0.7		19 21.8		23 76.8	8 41	166	0.2	167	(6.4)	151	15.3	174
ber	142	(1.3)	140	(11.5)	124	6.2	132	19	_	. (9	17 31.7		22 70.5	5 37	161	(2.7)	157	(6.9)	146	15.8	169
_	131	(0.2)	131	(6.7)	118	5.9	125	20	0.81) (16 38.6		22 75.4	4 39	151	(5.6)	147	(4.4)	141	17.0	165
≥-	124	(2.3)	122	(2.8)	115	3.3	118	11	5 8.1		16 37.2		22 67.1	1 37	139	(1.2)	138	(0.7)	137	13.7	155
	146	(2.3)	143	(8.2)	131	(25.2)	86	18	3 11.2		20 82.3		36 (3.8)	8) 35	164	(0.8)	163	2.8	167	(50.6)	133
	143	(2.1)	140	(8.0)	129	(56.1)	57	18	8 15.1		20 87.3		38 (43.0)	0) 22	161	(0.2)	161	4.2	168	(53.1)	79
May	157	(4.0)	151	(6.7)	141			15	33.8		25 45.	4	36		176	(0.0)	176	0.7	177		
Total Year	1,777	0.1	1,779	(11.9)	1,567	1		227	7 5.	7 2	240 37.9	,	330		2,004	8.0	2,019	(0.9)	1,898		
un - Apr	1,620	0.5	1,628	(12.4)	1,426	(5.6)	1,389	208	3.	2 2.	215 37.0	. •	294 24.5	366	1,828	0.8	1,843	(9.9)	1,721	5.0	1,755

										Toll Rev	enne (Toll Revenue (in \$1,000s)									
			Pas	Passenger Cal	Cars					Comi	mercial	Commercial Vehicles					ů,	Total Vehicles	les		
Month	2016-17 % Chg 2017-18	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	g 2018-19	% Chg	g 2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$108	1.9		42.4	\$157	7 11.8	3 \$175	\$42	(1.7)) \$42	2 35.5	.5 \$56	6 67.7	.7 \$94	\$150	0.9	\$152	40.5	\$213	26.6	\$270
July	118	(5.8)		41.3	162	16.3	3 188	41	8.0	44	4 29.2	.2 57	7 38.0	.0 79	159	9.0	159	38.0	219	22.0	267
August	117	4.6		123 36.9	168	3 9.5	5 184	45	13.4	. 51	1 57.3	.3 79	9 6	.4 85	162	2 7.0	173	42.8	247	8.5	268
September	106	1.9		36.4	147	7 23.0	181	41	. 19.3	48	8 70.1	.1 82	2 4	.3 86	147	7 6.7	156	46.8	230	16.3	267
October	108	8.1		40.6	164	18.1	193	49	(2.3)	48	8 41.6	99 9.	8 46.8	.8 100	157	7 4.8	165	40.9	232	26.5	293
November	103	0.5		43.8	148	3 11.9	166	42	1.6	43	3 42.8	.8 61	1 103.6	.6 124	145	5 0.8	146	43.5	209	38.6	290
December	102	(0.8)		43.3	145	18.1		45	116.1	38	8 52.3	.3 57		.9 107	147	7 (5.5)	139	45.8	202	37.7	278
January	92	(1.8)		62.4	147	, 20.1		47	(21.1)	37	7 64.5	.5 61	1 114.8	.8 131	139) 128		208	47.8	307
February	87	(2.3)		70.1	144	12.1	162	35	5.5	36	6 72.9	.9 63	3 97.4	.4 125	122	_	.) 121	70.9	208	38.0	286
March	101	(0.7)		68.5	170	(31.3)	3) 116	41	6.8	44	4 147.2	.2 108	8 5.4	.4 114	142	2 1.4	144	92.3	278	(17.0)	231
April	101	(3.2)		68.0	165	(49.9)	9) 83	41	11.9	46	6 146.9	9 112	2 (37.1)	.17 (1.	142	2 1.1	144	93.1	777	(44.7)	153
May	110	(3.7)		9.69	179	_		42	27.3	. 54	4 93.7	.7 104	4		152	2 4.9	159	77.7	283		
Total Year	\$1,253	0.2	\$1,255	51.0	\$1,895	١		\$510	3.9	\$230	0 71.8	.8 \$911	1		\$1,76	3 1.3	\$1,785	57.2	\$2,806		
Jun - Apr	\$1,143	9.0	\$1,150	\$1,150 49.3	\$1,716	5 4.7	, \$1,796	\$468	1.8	\$476	7.69 9	.4 \$807	7 38.3	.3 \$1,116	\$1,611	1 0.9	\$1,626	55.1	\$2,523	15.4	\$2,912

(1) Toll increases occur every year with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exeggerated traffic and toll revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) In response to the COVID-19 granted was been closed stateward on March 16, 2020 and Stay at home orders for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(4) AET conversion and vertice dassification changes were implemented in June 2018.

(5) The I-576 tolling configuration was changed from six ramp tolls to two maintime toll gartries at the time of AET conversion in June 2018.



Delaware River Bridge - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Table 11

Toll Transactions (in 1,000s)

2018-19 % Clg 2019-20 2016-17 115 84 124 709 111 176 132 744 120 11.3 134 760 110 178 125 672 127 10.1 140 680 110 16.3 128 668	2015-20 2016-1 1 124 134 134 134 135 135 136 137 137 137 137 137 137 138 137 138 137 139 139 139 139 139 139 139 139 139 139	2016-1 224 224 233 234 40 40 227 227 29	2016-1 224 234 334 40 40 27 29 29 31	2016-1	2016-17 709 744 740 672 680 688 668 653 933 383 679	25 25 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
8.4 17.6 11.3 17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3		124 132 134 125 140 127 128 119	124 132 134 1140 127 128 119 119			709 744 767 672 688 688 651 389 383 383 636 679 679
17.6 11.3 17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3		132 134 125 140 127 128 119	132 134 125 140 127 128 129 1119			2
	11.3 17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3			134 125 140 127 128 129 119 119	134 125 140 127 128 129 119 131	ů
			17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3 11.5 11.5	17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3 11.5 13.8 11.5 (12.3)	17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3 11.5 13.8 11.5 (12.3)	17.8 10.1 8.8 16.3 11.5 11.5 11.5 (12.3)
97 11.2 108 17.5 98 5.5 103 13.1 96 0.5 96 14.1	11.2 108 17.5 5.5 103 13.1 0.5 96 14.1 62.1 96 20.0	11.2 108 17.5 5.5 103 13.1 0.5 96 14.1 6.2.1 96 20.0 N/A 90 16.1	11.2 108 17.5 5.5 103 13.1 0.5 96 14.1 62.1 90 16.1 62.5 102 14.9	11.2 108 17.5 5.5 103 13.1 62.1 96 20.0 N/A 90 16.1 14.4 104 19.7	11.2 108 17.5 5.5 103 13.1 62.1 96 14.1 62.1 96 20.0 N/A 90 16.1 62.5 102 14.9 14.4 104 19.7 12.3 115 14.2	11.2 108 17.5 5.5 103 13.1 6.5 108 13.1 6.2.1 96 14.1 6.2.5 10.0 14.4 10.7 11.3 11.5 14.2 21.7 1.22.7 14.1 1.
5.5	763 98 11.2 763 98 5.5 763 96 0.5 666 59 62.1	763 98 5.5 763 96 0.5 666 59 62.1 653 0 N/A	763 98 5.5 763 96 0.5 666 59 62.1 653 0 N/A 466 63 62.5	769 99 11.2 763 99 5.5 763 96 0.5 666 59 62.1 663 0 N/A 466 63 62.5 211 91 144	763 98 5.5 763 98 5.5 763 96 0.5 666 59 62.1 653 0 N/A 466 63 6.2.5 211 91 14.4	769 98 11.2 763 98 5.5 763 96 0.5 666 0.5 633 0 0./A 466 63 62.5 211 103 12.3 1,008 21.7 1
699 9.2 720 6.0	24.1 699 9.2 32.6 720 6.0 31.0 612 8.8	24.1 699 9.2 32.6 720 6.0 31.0 612 8.8 31.4 586 11.6	24.1 699 9.2 32.6 720 6.0 31.0 61.2 8.8 31.4 586 11.6 36.3 707 (34.1)	24.1 699 9.2 32.6 720 6.0 31.0 6.1 8.8 31.4 586 11.6 36.3 707 (34.1) 33.0 746 (71.8)	24.1 699 9.2 3.2 6.70 6.0 3.10 612 8.8 3.14 5.86 11.6 3.6.3 707 (34.1) 3.08 799	699 9.2 612 8.8 586 11.6 707 (34.1) 746 (71.8) 8.182
32.6	32.6 31.0	32.6 31.0 31.4	32.6 31.0 31.4 36.3	32.6 31.0 31.4 36.3 33.0	32.6 31.0 31.4 36.3 33.0	
	31.0 612 8.8 666 59 62.1	31.0 612 8.8 666 59 62.1 31.4 586 11.6 653 0 N/A	31.0 612 8.8 666 59 62.1 31.4 586 11.6 653 0 N/A 36.3 707 (34.1) 466 63 62.5 1	31.0 612 8.8 666 59 62.1 31.4 586 11.6 653 0 N/A 36.3 707 (34.1) 666 63 62.5 33.0 746 (71.8) 211 91 14.4 1	31.0 612 8.8 666 59 62.1 31.4 586 11.6 653 0 N/A 36.3 707 (34.1) 466 63 62.5 1 33.0 746 (71.8) 211 91 14.4 1 30.8 799 78 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1	612 8.8 666 59 62.1 586 11.6 653 0 N/A 707 (34.1) 466 63 62.5 746 (71.8) 211 103 12.4 8,182 105 12.4

										Toll Revenue (in \$1,000s	tin \$	1,000s)									
			Pass	Passenger Cal	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	cles					Tota	Fotal Vehicles	S		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	3,150 (1.6) \$3,098 6.2	(1.6)	\$3,098	6.2	\$3,291	34.5	\$4,425	1,845	1.9	\$1,879	8.7	\$2,043	14.3	\$2,335	4,995	(0.3)	\$4,978	7.2	\$5,334	26.7	\$6,760
ylul	3,380	(3.5)	3,260	3.7	3,381	36.9	4,627	1,753	8.0	1,767	13.0	1,998	24.2	2,482	5,133	(2.0)	5,027	7.0	5,379	32.2	7,109
August	3,337	0.0	3,337	9.9	3,557	31.8	4,689	1,830	6.7	1,952	10.1	2,149	17.7	2,529	5,166	2.4	5,289	7.9	5,706	26.5	7,218
September	3,038	(1.3)	3,000	5.5	3,165	27.8	4,045	1,797	1.9	1,831	4.7	1,916	23.6	2,368	4,835	(0.1)	4,831	5.2	5,081	26.2	6,413
October	2,985	(0.8)	2,962	20.2	3,560	16.2	4,137	1,758	10.3	1,938	17.4	2,275	16.5	2,650	4,742	3.3	4,900	19.1	5,835	16.3	6,787
November	2,915	(4.5)	2,783	28.5	3,577	16.2	4,157	1,761	3.4	1,821	14.0	2,076	15.9	2,405	4,677	(1.5)	4,604	22.8	5,653	16.1	6,562
December	2,872	(1.6)	2,827	28.4	3,631	11.9	4,061	1,743	9.0	1,754	12.2	1,968	22.4	2,409	4,615	(0.7)	4,581	22.2	5,599	15.6	6,470
January	1,762	39.6	2,461	33.8	3,293	19.3	3,927	1,071	60.5	1,720	25.5	2,159	19.5	2,580	2,834	47.5	4,181	30.4	5,452	19.4	6,508
February	-7	N/A	2,265	39.7	3,164	19.3	3,776	1	V/N	1,621	21.4	1,967	21.6	2,392	9	N/A	3,886	32.1	5,131	20.2	6,168
March	1,591	62.9	2,639	45.8	3,848	(32.9)	2,583	1,112	64.1	1,825	22.2	2,230	13.8	2,538	2,703	65.2	4,464	36.1	6,078	(15.7)	5,122
April	2,775	3.7	2,879	40.0	4,030	(69.5)	1,230	1,642	13.2	1,858	25.9	2,340	(2.7)	2,206	4,418	7.2	4,737	34.5	698'9		
May	2,929	9.0	3,104	39.5	4,330			1,829	12.0	2,049	21.1	2,482			4,758	8.3	5,154	32.2	6,812		
Total Year	\$30,727	12.7	\$34,615	23.7	\$42,826			\$18,142	21.4	\$22,016	16.3	\$25,603			\$48,869	15.9	\$56,631	20.8	\$68,429		
Jun - Apr	\$27,798	13.4	\$31,511	22.2	\$38,496	8.2	\$41,658	\$16,313	22.4	\$19,966	15.8	\$23,121	16.3	\$26,895	\$44,111	16.7	\$51,478	19.7	\$61,617	5.7	\$65,117

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases occur every year with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) The Debaware River Bridge was obsect due to randrual integrity concerns from January 20, 2007 to March 9, 2017.

(3) Teap year occurred in So20, resulting in resignerated traffic and foil revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) Leap year occurred in So20, resulting in resignerated traffic and foil revenue impacts in February 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) Leap year occurred in So20, resulting in resignerated traffic and foil revenue impacts in February 2020.

(4) In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, schools were dosed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home orders for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.



Gateway Toll Plaza - Monthly Transaction and Revenue Trends Transactions Include Only Toll Transactions - Non-Revenue Transactions Are Not Included Table 12

	Pass	Passenger Cars	ırs					Comm	Commercial Vehicles	hicles					Tot	Total Vehicles			
% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg 2	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
0.7	334	(2.8)	324	(5.9)	315	87	0.3	87	1.4	88	(3.7)	85	418	9.0	421	(2.0)	412	(3.1)	400
(4.2)	367	(5.5)	358	(4.3)	342	82	(1.1)	81	4.2	84	(5.0)	83	464	(3.6)	448	(1.3)	442	(3.9)	425
0.1	342	1.8	348	(3.2)	337	88	0.4	06	3.3	93	(2.5)	87	431	0.2	432	2.1	441	(3.7)	425
(2.9)	276	2.3	283	(5.3)	268	83	(4.4)	80	3.5	83	0.8	83	377	(2.6)	326	2.5	365	(3.9)	351
(2.3)	279	0.0	279	0.7	281	84	4.5	88	4.7	92	5.2	96	369	(0.7)	367	1.1	371	1.8	378
(1.9)	280	(1.7)	275	(5.9)	267	80	1.6	81	1.6	83	5.8	85	365	(1.1)	361	(6.0)	357	(1.5)	352
1.8	261	8.0	263	6.7	280	78	(2.2)	76	1.2	77	8.5	83	334	6.0	337	6.0	340	7.1	364
(8.6)	195	(5.5)	190	9.0	207	78	5.6	80	1.7	81	7.3	87	294	(6.5)	275	(1.3)	271	8.5	294
(4.5)	187	(1.2)	185	7.2	198	73	3.6	75	1.5	2/2	9.3	83	268	(2.3)	262	(0.5)	261	7.8	281
4.5	256	(5.8)	249	(34.5)	163	85	(0.5)	84	1.0	85	7.4	92	330	3.2	341	(1.9)	334	(23.8)	255
(8.0)	254	(0.3)	253	(689)	79	80	5.7	84	2.2	98	(8.4)	79	356	(4.9)	338	0.3	339	(23.5)	158
(5.4)	290	1.6	295			87	3.6	90	9.0	90			384	(1.0)	380	1.4	385		
(2.5)	3,322	(9.0)	3,302			984	1.1	995	2.2	1,018			4,391	(1.7)	4,317	0.1	4,320		
(2.5)	3,031	(0.8)	3,007	(0.6)	2,738	897	6.0	906	2.4	927	1.8	944	4,007	(1.8)	3,937	(0.1)	3,935	(6.4)	3,681

												(000)									
			Pass	Passenger Car	ars					Comme	Commercial Vehicles	icles					Tota	Total Vehicles	es		
Month	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20	2016-17	% Chg	2017-18	% Chg	2018-19	% Chg	2019-20
June	\$1,834 6.9 \$1,962 3.1 \$2	6.9	\$1,962	3.1	\$2,023	2.6	\$2,075	\$1,563	6.2	\$1,661	9.5	\$1,813	1.8	\$1,845	\$3,398	9.9	\$3,623	5.9	\$3,837	2.2	\$3,920
July	2,134	1.2	2,159	3.3	2,231	1.7	2,269	1,474	5.4	1,554	15.0	1,787	3.4	1,848	3,608	2.9	3,713	8.2	4,018	2.5	4,117
August	1,885	6.1	2,000	8.1	2,161	1.9	2,203	1,612	7.2	1,728	11.1	1,920	(0.1)	1,917	3,496	9.9	3,728	9.5	4,081	1.0	4,120
September	1,634	(1.3)	1,612	8.2	1,745	0.7	1,757	1,516	1.5	1,539	11.8	1,720	5.3	1,811	3,149	0.1	3,151	10.0	3,465	3.0	3,568
October	1,574	5.6	1,615	5.7	1,708	(0.5)	1,699	1,525	10.3	1,682	11.6	1,877	5.8	1,986	3,098	6.4	3,297	8.7	3,584	2.8	3,685
November	1,560	3.2	1,610	4.0	1,675	3.3	1,730	1,445	9.8	1,569	7.4	1,685	8.9	1,835	3,005	5.8	3,179	5.7	3,359	6.1	3,565
December	1,399	7.1	1,497	6.7	1,597	28.8	2,057	1,414	3.5	1,464	7.4	1,571	15.2	1,811	2,813	5.3	2,961	7.0	3,169	22.1	3,86
January	1,231	(4.5)	1,176	5.6	1,206	28.3	1,547	1,481	9.5	1,622	9.7	1,746	7.7	1,881	2,712	3.2	2,797	5.5	2,952	16.1	3,427
February	1,125	0.8	1,134	4.7	1,187	15.4	1,370	1,400	9.5	1,533	8.0	1,657	7.9	1,787	2,525	5.6	2,667	9.9	2,844	11.0	3,15.
March	1,421	10.9	1,576	3.1	1,626	(35.1)	1,054	1,634	5.3	1,721	7.4	1,848	3.7	1,915	3,055	7.9	3,297	5.4	3,473	(14.5)	2,970
April	1,605	(5.5)	1,565	5.2	1,646	(64.7)	581	1,528	12.2	1,715	8.4	1,859	(9.9)	1,737	3,134	4.7	3,280	6.9	3,505	(33.9)	2,31
May	1,725	3.5	1,785	8.0	1,928			1,648	11.4	1,835	5.7	1,940			3,373	7.3	3,621	8.9	3,868		
Total Year	\$19,127	3.0	\$19,692	5.3	\$20,733			\$18,239	7.6	\$19,622	9.5	\$21,422			\$37,366	5.2	\$39,314	7.2	\$42,155		
Jun - Apr	\$17,402	5.9	\$17,906	5.0	\$18,805	(5.5)	\$18,342	\$16,592	7.2	\$17,787	9.5	\$19,482	4.6	\$20,374	\$33,993	2.0	\$35,693	7.3	\$38,287	1.1	\$38,71

NOTES:

(1) Toll increases occur everyyear with exceptions. Refer to Table 1 for details.

(2) Leap year occurred in 2020, resulting in exaggerated traffic and toll revenue impacts in rebruary 2020 compared to February 2019.

(3) Incresporse to the COVID-19 pandemit, schools were closed state-wide on March 16, 2020 and stay at home order is for some counties began to take effect on March 23, 2020. A state-wide stay at home order was issued April 1, 2020.

(4) AET conversion occurred in October 2019.



It should be noted that the DRB was closed on January 20, 2017 due to a fracture in one of the structural support beams. The structure was closed to all traffic through March 9, 2017. This event negatively impacted the traffic and revenue values for FY 2016-17. CDM Smith analyzed the impact on Turnpike traffic and revenue during the closure and estimated that losses over this period amounted to 1.8 million transactions and \$12.1 million in toll revenue.

The FY 2019-20 numbers, especially for passenger cars, were severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic that began affecting travel patterns in Pennsylvania in March 2020. Prior to that point, passenger car transaction growth had been slightly positive for the fiscal year through February but fell 37.5 percent in March 2020 and 71.8 percent in April 2020, compared to the same months in 2019. Commercial vehicle traffic fell less sharply, decreasing 5.3 percent in March 2020 and 28.0 percent in April, while total transactions decreased 32.8 percent in March and 65.2 percent in April. Revenue also decreased markedly in these two months, decreasing 38.8 percent in March and 73.2 percent in April for passenger cars, 5.4 percent in March and 20.2 percent in April for commercial vehicles, and 23.6 percent in March and 49.2 percent in April for total vehicles.

As previously mentioned, the Ticket System is by far the largest component of both traffic and toll revenue on the Turnpike System. As shown in Table 4, total year-to-date transactions decreased 9.6 percent compared to the same period in the prior year. Year-to-date passenger car transactions decreased by 10.8 percent during this period. Year-to-date commercial vehicle activity has decreased by 2.4 percent compared to the previous 11-month period. Total revenue for the Ticket System grew by 7.8 percent in FY 2017-18 and by 10.4 percent in FY 2018-19. Year-to-date FY 2019-20 revenue has fallen by 0.9 percent compared to the same period in the previous year. The previously mentioned ongoing COVID-19 pandemic began significantly impacting travel patterns in March 2020. Total vehicle transactions in March 2020 were down 34.8 percent compared to March 2019, while total transactions in April 2020 fell 68.1 percent compared to April 2019. Total vehicle revenue was down 24.5 percent and 50.3 percent in March and April, respectively.

The combined barrier facilities monthly transaction and revenue data is shown in Table 5. Year-to-date transactions decreased 4.6 percent in FY 2019-20 compared to the same period in the previous year. Commercial vehicle transactions increased 1.5 percent for this time period, while passenger cars fell 5.7 percent. Total revenue for the combined barrier facilities grew 5.2 percent overall year-to-date. Growth in toll revenue at the barrier facilities has outpaced transaction growth due to system-wide annual toll increases and AET conversions on AKH and the Gateway Toll Plaza in October 2019. These AET conversions resulted in a significant increase in video transactions, which also had the effect of increasing the average toll rates. As with the Ticket System, the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic began significantly impacting travel patterns in March 2020. Total vehicle transactions were down 27.0 percent in March 2020 and 56.7 percent in April 2020 compared to the same months in 2019, while total vehicle revenue was down 17.6 percent and 42.8 percent in March and April, respectively.



Traffic and gross toll revenue trends for the seven barrier toll facilities are provided in Tables 6 through 12. These seven barrier facilities (MFE, AKH, the Northeast Extension barrier plazas, BVE, Findlay Connector, DRB, and the Gateway Toll Plaza) contribute about 14 percent of the total systemwide gross toll revenue.

The effects of ramp-up, inclement weather, alternative routes, and new developments have a more significant impact on these relatively low volume roads. However, each barrier system has experienced a smaller year-to-date percent decrease in total transactions due to the COVID-19 pandemic than has the ticket system. The Findlay Connector (Table 10) has actually experienced slight overall traffic growth through the first 11 months of FY 2019-20 despite the significant decreases in March and April. Due to increasing toll rates, five of the seven facilities have managed to have positive revenue growth over the same time period, with the exceptions being MFE (Table 6) and AKH (Table 7).

Actual and Assumed Toll Rate Increases

Annual toll rate increases are assumed to occur on the entire Turnpike System. The toll rate increases are assumed to occur at 12:01 AM on the first Sunday after January 1 of each year unless otherwise noted. **Table 13** presents the annual percent increases in toll rates for E-ZPass, cash, and video from calendar year 2020 through 2050.

Rate increase assumptions are unchanged since the 2019 Bring Down Letter, except for the calendar year 2021 increase, which is now scheduled for a six-percent increase (as opposed to the five-percent increase that was previously planned). Additionally, this increase is scheduled to occur in October 2020 rather than January 2021 and will include an additional 45-percent increase for cash tolls. This will occur at the only two remaining locations where cash toll collection is permitted, including the Ticket System and MFE. By including this 45-percent cash-only increase, in addition to the six-percent across-the-board increase, the percent cash toll differential (compared to E-ZPass rates) will be equal to video tolls, essentially condensing the three toll schedules that now exist (E-ZPass, cash, video) to two (E-ZPass, non-E-ZPass). As mentioned earlier, these toll adjustment assumptions are proposed and haven't been formally approved yet by the PTC Board. Absent their approval, an across the board five-percent toll increase would occur on or about January 1, 2021.

The impact of COVID-19 has resulted in dramatically reduced travel on the Turnpike System, as well as throughout the state and country. Increasing the next toll adjustment from five-percent to six-percent helps, in a small way, to make up for some lost toll revenue. Moving the toll increase date from January 2021 to October 2020 also results in a small amount of increased revenue.

The proposed 45-percent cash surcharge for the Ticket System and MFE in October 2020 would have occurred in October 2021 as both of these facilities convert to AET. As on the other PTC toll



Table 13
Actual and Assumed Percent Changes in Turnpike System Toll Rates
Pennsylvania Turnpike System

Calendar	Percent C	Changes in Turnpike System's Toll	Rates (1)
Year (2)	E-ZPass	Cash	Video
2020 (3)	6.00	6.00	6.00
2020 (4)	6.00	6.00 + 45.00	6.00
2022 (5)	5.00	N/A	5.00
2023	5.00	N/A	5.00
2024	5.00	N/A	5.00
2025	5.00	N/A	5.00
2026	4.00	N/A	4.00
2027	3.50	N/A	3.50
2028	3.00	N/A	3.00
2029	3.00	N/A	3.00
2030	3.00	N/A	3.00
2031	3.00	N/A	3.00
2032	3.00	N/A	3.00
2033	3.00	N/A	3.00
2034	3.00	N/A	3.00
2035	3.00	N/A	3.00
2036	3.00	N/A	3.00
2037	3.00	N/A	3.00
2038	3.00	N/A	3.00
2039	3.00	N/A	3.00
2040	3.00	N/A	3.00
2041	3.00	N/A	3.00
2042	3.00	N/A	3.00
2043	3.00	N/A	3.00
2044	3.00	N/A	3.00
2045	3.00	N/A	3.00
2046	3.00	N/A	3.00
2047	3.00	N/A	3.00
2048	3.00	N/A	3.00
2049	3.00	N/A	3.00
2050	3.00	N/A	3.00

⁽¹⁾ Toll rate increases are the same for all facilities and vehicle classes.

⁽²⁾ Except where otherwise indicated, toll rate increases are applied on or near January 1.

⁽³⁾ Toll rate increases are actual.

⁽⁴⁾ Rate increase will occur in October 2020 instead of January 2021. All rates will increase by 6%, except for the two remaining facilities where cash is accepted: the Ticket System and Mon Fayette Expressway (Turnpike 43). Cash rates at these two location will increase by an additional 45% to bring cash rates in line with video rates.

⁽⁵⁾ Beginning in 2022, all facilities will be AET and cash collection will no longer be an option.



facilities that have converted to AET, a 45-percent video surcharge has been imposed to recoup expected revenue leakage. PTC is advancing the surcharge implementation date by one year on the Ticket System and MFE for three reasons:

- 1. It generates slightly more toll revenue for one year;
- 2. The greater toll differential between cash and E-ZPass toll rates encourages greater use of E-ZPass (whose rates will be about half those of cash); and
- 3. It simplifies the rate schedule into two categories for the entire Turnpike Sytem: E-ZPass and non-E-ZPass.

The toll revenue impacts of the rate changes discussed above are estimated to generate an additional \$62 million in FY 2020-21 (about a 4.8 percent increase). For FY 2021-22 CDM Smith estimates that an additional \$59 million will be generated (about a 3.9 percent increase). For FY 2022-23 and beyond, the positive revenue impact amounts to about one-percent. This is due to the change in the rate adjustment from five-percent to six-percent in October 2020.

Actual and Assumed E-ZPass Penetration Rates

Table 14 presents the actual and assumed annual E-ZPass penetration rates from calendar year 2018 through 2050. The first three columns show the E-ZPass market share assumptions for the current 2020 Bring Down Letter. These were adjusted slightly on a facility by facility basis, by the amount shown in the three rightmost columns, over assumptions used in the 2019 Bring Down Letter.



Table 14 Actual and Assumed Percent E-ZPass Penetration Pennsylvania Turnpike System

E-ZPass Penetration Rates

Calendar	2020	Bring Down	Letter		Difference from 2019 Bring Down Letter			
Year	Cars	Trucks	Total	Cars	Trucks	Total		
2018	80.0	90.6	81.5	0.0	0.0	0.0		
2019	81.4	91.7	82.9	-0.1	0.7	0.0		
2020	83.0	92.2	84.3	0.1	0.7	0.2		
2021	84.7	93.0	85.9	0.8	1.0	0.8		
2022	85.9	93.8	87.1	0.7	1.2	0.8		
2023	86.6	94.2	87.8	0.6	1.1	0.7		
2024	87.3	94.7	88.4	0.5	1.1	0.6		
2025	87.8	95.1	88.9	0.5	1.4	0.6		
2026	88.3	95.5	89.4	0.4	1.7	0.6		
2027	88.8	95.8	89.8	0.5	2.0	0.6		
2028	89.1	96.2	90.2	0.3	2.3	0.7		
2029	89.5	96.3	90.6	0.3	2.4	0.7		
2030	89.8	96.3	90.8	0.2	2.3	0.5		
2031	89.9	96.4	90.9	-0.1	2.4	0.3		
2032	90.0	96.4	91.0	-0.1	2.4	0.3		
2033	90.1	96.5	91.1	0.0	2.4	0.4		
2034	90.2	96.5	91.2	0.0	2.4	0.4		
2035	90.2	96.5	91.2	-0.1	2.3	0.3		
2036	90.3	96.6	91.3	0.0	2.4	0.4		
2037	90.4	96.6	91.3	0.1	2.4	0.4		
2038	90.4	96.7	91.4	0.0	2.4	0.4		
2039	90.5	96.7	91.4	0.1	2.4	0.4		
2040	90.5	96.7	91.5	0.1	2.4	0.5		
2041	90.6	96.8	91.5	0.2	2.4	0.5		
2042	90.6	96.8	91.6	0.2	2.4	0.6		
2043	90.7	96.8	91.6	0.3	2.4	0.5		
2044	90.7	96.9	91.7	0.3	2.5	0.6		
2045	90.8	96.9	91.7	0.3	2.4	0.6		
2046	90.8	97.0	91.8	0.3	2.5	0.7		
2047	90.8	97.0	91.8	0.3	2.5	0.7		
2048	90.9	97.0	91.9	0.4	2.5	0.8		
2049	90.9	97.1	91.9	0.4	2.6	0.8		
2050	91.0	97.1	92.0	N/A	N/A	N/A		

Note: The E-ZPass penetration rates for this 2020 Bring Down Letter are actual through 2019 and were actual only through 2018 for the 2019 Bring Down Letter.



As shown, differences between assumed E-ZPass market share in the current analysis are very similar to those assumed in the 2019 Bring Down Letter. Actual commercial vehicle (truck) E-ZPass market share has slightly exceeded our previous estimates. This results in new 2020 estimates being about 0.7 percent higher than previous estimates. By the end of the forecast period, commercial vehicle E-ZPass market share is about 2.6 percent higher than previous forecasts. It should be noted, too, that the maximum allowable commercial vehicle E-ZPass market share has been increased for the current analysis. In the 2019 Bring Down Letter, commercial vehicle E-ZPass market share was capped when it reached 95 percent. Given the continued robust growth observed since the last forecast, however, the cap was increased to 97.5 percent for the current study.

Passenger car E-ZPass market share forecast assumptions remain largely unchanged from those in the 2019 Bring Down Letter. The only difference is that beginning in 2021 there is a 0.8-percent increase in passenger car E-ZPass market share compared to the previous forecast. This is due to the fact that we are now assuming a 45-percent video surcharge on the Ticket System and MFE beginning in October 2020. This was not assumed in the 2019 Bring Down Letter and has the effect of shifting more motorists to the lower cost E-ZPass option. This difference slowly diminishes through about 2030 as the facilities reach the assumed E-ZPass market share cap of just over 90 percent.

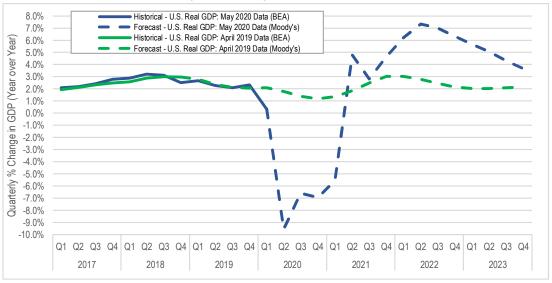
Summary of Changes in Future Year Estimates for U.S. Gross Domestic Product and Pennsylvania Gross State Product

This section presents a comparison of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Pennsylvania Gross State Product (GSP) information available for the 2020 Bring Down Letter with updated forecasts for both measures from Moody's Analytics. This information was a key input in developing estimated growth forecasts for the Turnpike System. All GDP and GSP figures in this section refer to year over year comparisons. For example, the 2nd quarter 2020 percent change would reflect the 2nd quarter of 2020 versus the 2nd quarter of 2019.

Figure 3 shows actual and estimated GDP at the time of the 2019 Bring Down Letter as well as the revised figures based on updated Moody's Analytics' forecasts as of May 2020. As shown, actual experience in 2019 closely matched the 2019 forecast, underperforming the forecast by 0.1 percent in the first and second quarters and overperforming it by 0.2 percent in the fouth quarter. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the steep decline in GDP growth experienced in the first quarter of 2020, the revised GDP growth estimates in 2020 predict much lower growth in 2020. GDP is forecast to fall 9.6 percent in the second quarter of 2020, with negative growth continuing through the first quarter of 2021. Recovery from the pandemic is forecast to be strong throughout the remainder of the forecast period. GDP growth is expected to accelerate through 2021 and the first half of 2022, reaching 7.3 percent in the second quarter of 2022. GDP is then forecast to continue growing, albeit it at a slowing rate, through the end of 2023, when 3.7 percent growth is forecast.



Figure 3
Comparison of April 2019 to May 2020 Quarterly Growth Estimates of U.S. Gross Domestic Product



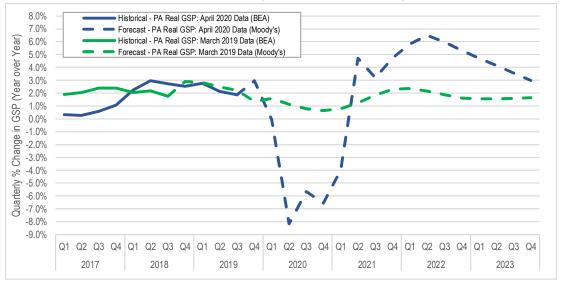
Sources: Historical estimates are from the BEA, and the forecasts are from Moody's Analytics (April 2019 and May 2020 Releases)

Figure 4 shows GSP trend and forecast data for Pennsylvania. Revised GSP numbers for 2017 show that historical growth in 2017 was lower than previously estimated, while growth through the first three quarters of 2018 was higher. The most recent four quarters for which historical estimates exist (fourth quarter of 2018 through the third quarter of 2019) had lower growth than the prior forecast by a range of 0.0 to 0.4 percent. Like GDP, the GSP forecast for the remainder of the forecast period has been significantly altered by the COVID-19 pandemic. GSP is forecast to fall sharply in the second quarter of 2020 (-8.2 percent), with continued, although lessening, negative growth through the first quarter of 2021. A strong recovery period is forecast from the second quarter of 2021 through the end of the forecast period. GSP growth during this time is expected to peak at 6.5 percent in the second quarter of 2022. Like GDP, GSP is forecast to continue to grow at a decreasing rate through the remainder of the forecast period, slowing to 3.0-percent growth by the end of 2023.

Overall, actual GDP and GSP growth closely matched forecasted growth rates in 2019, although the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in significant negative growth in the first quarter of 2020 when continued moderate positive growth had been expected. Based on this information it might be expected that actual traffic growth in 2019 would have also closely matched CDM Smith's 2019 Bring Down Letter estimates. As will be discussed in more detail below, actual traffic and toll revenue on the total System slightly outperformed CDM Smith's estimates through February 2020. This is likely due to other factors, namely motor fuel prices and consumer confidence, that are discussed in the next section.



Figure 4
Comparison of March 2019 to April 2020 Quarterly Growth Estimates of Pennsylvania Gross State Product



Sources: Historical estimates are from the BEA, and the forecasts are from Moody's Analytics (March 2019 and April 2020 Releases)

Summary of Trends in Fuel Prices

Figure 5 portrays gasoline and diesel prices for the Central Atlantic Region from January 2016 through April 2020. Gasoline prices for the East Coast are also shown. They closely mirror those for the Central Atlantic gasoline prices and are shown here because the Energy Information Administration (EIA) also provides monthly forecasts for this region. Figure 5 shows the monthly forecasts through the end of 2021.

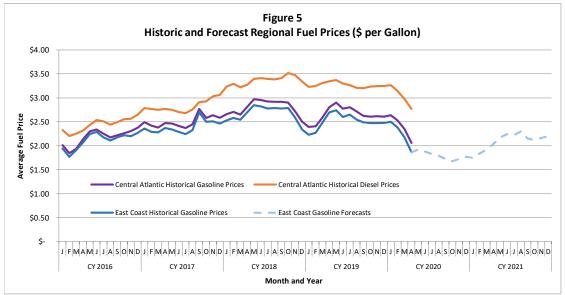
As shown, Central Atlantic gasoline and diesel prices have followed generally similar trends throughout this period, although over the past year gasoline prices have had slightly greater price fluctuations than diesel prices. Generally, both prices have moved in tandem, decreasing over the first few months of 2016, reaching a low of \$1.85 per gallon for gasoline and \$2.20 per gallon for diesel in February 2016. Prices for both increased slowly but steadily throughout 2016, 2017, and early 2018, reaching a high of \$2.97 per gallon for gasoline in May 2018. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range for the remainder of 2018, with diesel reaching a high of \$3.52 per gallon in October 2018. Prices of both gasoline and diesel fell in late 2018 and early 2019. Between February and May 2019 prices rose, with gasoline prices increasing more rapidly than diesel prices. For the remainder of 2019, prices decreased slightly, with diesel prices remaining very stable and gasoline prices experiencing slightly more volatility.

For most of the year following the development of the 2019 Bring Down Letter motor fuel prices remained relatively stable, and even slightly declined. However, over the past two months prices



have fallen sharply in response to an early March announcement that Saudi Arabia and Russia would increase oil supply in the coming months followed shortly thereafter by an extreme worldwide economic slowdown in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, prices in the Central Atlantic region fell to \$2.06 and \$2.77 for gasoline and diesel, respectively, in April 2020.

As noted above, the EIA only forecasts future gasoline prices for the East Coast, which is a region that is larger than and wholly encomposses the Central Atlantic region. Historically, East Coast region prices move in tandem with Central Atlantic prices but are approximately 10 to 20 cents lower. These East Coast gasoline prices are forecast to remain low, but stable, over the next few months, bottoming out in October at \$1.68 per gallon. Prices are then forecast to rise slowly over the last few months of 2020 and early 2021, stabilizing between \$2.12 and \$2.30 per gallon in the summer and fall of 2021. Based on historical trends, Central Atlantic prices can be expected to follow the same pattern, but at slightly higher prices.



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, release dates 5/4/2020 (historical) and 5/12/2020 (forecast).

Note: Retail Prices in USD for Regular All Formulations Retail Gasoline and Number 2 Diesel.

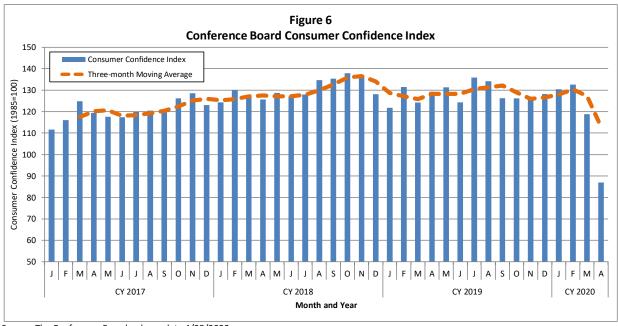
Central Atlantic states include Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania.
East Coast states include Central Atlantic and New England states, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Consumer Confidence

Consumer confidence is an important measure in that it highlights consumer's confidence in making purchases, their willingness to travel more, etc. Higher consumer confidence spurs demand for various goods and services, and it can be inferred that higher demand results in higher traffic on the roadways. Consumer confidence scores are indexed to the year 1985, for which consumer confidence equaled 100.



Figure 6 shows the Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index for the period between January 2017 and April 2020. The individual blue bars show the index values for each month while the dotted line shows the three-month moving average. As shown, consumer confidence trended up through November 2018. The average exceeded 110 at the beginning of 2017, rose to 126 by the end of the year, and surpassed 130 in 2018, peaking at a high of 137.9 in October, which was the highest level of consumer confidence since September 2000. In 2019, consumer confidence fell slightly compared to 2018 but remained strong compared to historical levels. Through the first two months of 2020, consumer confidence remained strong, increasing slightly since the end of 2019. However, consumer confidence declined sharply in March and even more significantly in April, when it fell to 86.9, reflecting the widespread economic shutdowns that have been put in place as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. April consumer confidence data is currently preliminary, based on data gathered through April 17 and therefore exclusive of influences from the end of the month. It is subject to change with the next release, and therefore may be higher or lower than currently reported.



Source: The Conference Board, release date 4/28/2020.



Committed Roadway Improvements

Table 15 lists major capacity-enhancing roadway improvements with dedicated funding on the Pennsylvania Turnpike System. Most of these projects are part of PTC's statewide Total Reconstruction Initiative, which is a multi-year project to widen the mainline and the Northeast Extension to six lanes (three in each direction). On the Mainline I-76/I-276 this includes work throughout the Pittsburgh, Somerset, and Philadelphia metro areas. More than 150 miles have been completed as of January 2020, with more than 15 additional miles under construction or funded. An additional 15 miles of the Northeast Extension have been widened, with 15 more miles scheduled to be completed by 2024.

In addition to roadway widening, Table 15 highlights three additional projects:

- A new cashless tolling interchange between I-276 and Lafayette Street in Montgomery County;
- An eight-mile extension of MFE to PA Route 837 in Allegheny County; and
- A 12.5-mile extension of Findlay Connector (Southern Beltway) in the Pittsburgh area.

Table 15
Major Committed Roadway Improvements on the Pennsylvania Turnpike System (1)

Milepost	Counties	Description	Actual or Assumed Start Date	Assumed Completion Date
Mainline I-76/	I-276			
28-31	Alleghany and Butler	Reconstruct and widen to 3 lanes in each direction	May 2020	September 2022
102-109	Somerset County	Reconstruct and widen to 3 lanes in each direction	March 2021	Fall 2023
126-130	Somerset and Bedford	Reconstruct and widen to 3 lanes in each direction	March 2022	Fall 2024
331	Montogmery	Construct a new cashless tolling interchange at Lafayette Street	Fall 2024	Fall 2027
Northeast Exte	ension I-476			
A31-A38	Montgomery	Reconstruct and widen to 3 lanes in each direction	Early 2018	June 2021
A38-A44	Montgomery and Bucks	Reconstruct and widen to 3 lanes in each direction	Fall 2021	Fall 2024
Mon/Fayette E	xpressway Turnpike 43			
PA-51 to PA Route 837	Allegheny	Construct a eight-mile extension of the existing Turnpike 43 including three new interchanges	Summer 2022	2028
Southern Beltv	vay Toll 576			
US-22 to I-79	Washington and Allegheny	Construct a 12.5-mile cashless tolling extension of Toll 576 from the southern terminus of the Findlay Connector at US-22 to I-79 including four new interchanges	December 2016	October 2022

⁽¹⁾ The major committed roadway improvement projects listed here are a small subset of all projects listed in PTC's FY 2020 Ten Year Capital Plan.



These projects will serve to enhance capacity and create additional connections to other routes, all of which are expected to increase the number of travelers, and therefore revenue, on the Pennsylvania Turnpike System.

In addition to PTC-funded projects, the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation's (PennDOT's) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) was reviewed. This review found no projects on competing or complementary routes that are expected to have an impact on Pennsylvania Turnpike System traffic and revenue.

Actual Versus Estimated Traffic and Toll Revenue

Table 16 provides a comparison of actual traffic and toll revenue versus estimated traffic and toll revenue from CDM Smith's 2019 Bring Down Letter. The analysis period in this table is from March 2019 through February 2020. This twelve-month period corresponds to the period for which actual data currently exists but was estimated at the time of the 2019 Bring Down Letter. Crucially, this period is also prior to the significant reductions in toll transactions and revenue that PTC facilities began to experience in March due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, the difference between actual and estimated traffic and revenue in Table 16 reflects only normal, pre-COVID-19, conditions. **Table 17** was prepared in the same format but reflects actual versus estimated traffic and revenue only for March and April 2020; differences in this table reflect the impact COVID-19 has had on Turnpike System traffic and toll revenue.

For the non-COVID-19 impacted period shown in Table 16, Systemwide actual passenger car transactions surpassed estimates by 1.2 percent, and passenger-car toll revenue exceeded estimates by 4.2 percent. Commercial vehicle transactions exceeded estimates by 1.7 percent, and actual commercial vehicle toll revenue was 1.7 percent greater than estimates. When all vehicles are considered, actual transactions were higher than estimates by 1.2 percent and toll revenue exceeded estimates by 3.1 percent.

The same information is provided in Table 16 for each individual Turnpike toll facility. Because a separate forecast was not provided for the Gateway Toll Plaza in the 2019 Bring Down Letter, the Ticket System and Gateway are grouped together for the purposes of this analysis. Total transactions for the Ticket System and Gateway barrier were 0.7 percent higher than the forecasted traffic, while actual total revenue was 2.8 percent higher than estimated.

All barrier facilities overperformed when compared to the 2019 Bring Down Letter transaction forecasts. However, toll revenue for AKH was 2.0 percent lower than forecast. Toll revenue for the other five barrier facilities was higher than CDM Smith estimates by between 3.2 percent (MFE) and 31.2 percent (Findlay Connector) for both passenger car and commercial revenue combined.



Table 16 Comparison of Estimated and Actual Traffic Volumes and Gross Toll Revenue From March 2019 Through February 2020 (1) Pennsylvania Turnpike System

	Total T	raffic (in Thou	sands)	Total Gross Toll Revenue (in Thousands)			
			Percent Difference	Percent Dif			
			between Actual			between Actual	
Facility	Estimated	Actual	and Estimated	Estimated	Actual	and Estimated	
			Passen	ger Cars			
Ticket and Gateway Barrier	131,314	132,270	0.7	\$661,274	\$689,223	4.2	
Delaware River Bridge	8,978	9,142	1.8	48,878	50,052	2.4	
Turnpike 43	12,283	12,321	0.3	21,487	22,112	2.9	
Turnpike 66	6,339	6,406	1.1	12,319	12,332	0.1	
Northeast Extension (Barrier)	4,339	4,846	11.7	4,884	5,753	17.8	
Turnpike I-376	7,211	7,392	2.5	11,090	11,810	6.5	
Turnpike I-576	1,558	1,635	4.9	1,823	2,110	15.8	
Barrier Subtotal	40,707	41,742	2.5	\$100,480	\$104,170	3.7	
Total System	172,022	174,012	1.2	\$761,754	\$793,393	4.2	
			Commerci	al Vehicles			
Ticket and Gateway Barrier	23,049	23,241	0.8	\$564,359	\$571,327	1.2	
Delaware River Bridge	1,393	1,531	9.9	26,634	29,202	9.6	
Turnpike 43	1,084	1,110	2.3	5,530	5,780	4.5	
Turnpike 66	1,111	1,092	(1.7)	5,958	5,584	(6.3)	
Northeast Extension (Barrier)	1,209	1,290	6.8	7,169	8,035	12.1	
Turnpike I-376	1,452	1,399	(3.6)	4,649	4,573	(1.6)	
Turnpike I-576	287	420	46.4	744	1,255	68.8	
Barrier Subtotal	6,537	6,843	4.7	\$50,683	\$54,429	7.4	
Total System	29,586	30,084	1.7	\$615,042	\$625,756	1.7	
			Total V	ehicles			
Ticket and Gateway Barrier	154,363	155,470	0.7	\$1,225,634	\$1,260,550	2.8	
Delaware River Bridge	10,371	10,673	2.9	75,511	79,254	5.0	
Turnpike 43	13,367	13,430	0.5	27,017	27,892	3.2	
Turnpike 66	7,450	7,498	0.6	18,276	17,916	(2.0)	
Northeast Extension (Barrier)	5,547	6,136	10.6	12,053	13,788	14.4	
Turnpike I-376	8,663	8,792	1.5	15,739	16,383	4.1	
Turnpike I-576	1,846	2,056	11.4_	2,566	3,366	31.2	
Barrier Subtotal	47,244	48,585	2.8	\$151,163	\$158,599	4.9	
Total System	201,608	204,096	1.2	\$1,376,796	\$1,419,149	3.1	

⁽¹⁾ These 12 months correspond to the period for which actual data exists, but was estimated at the time of CDM Smith's 2019 Bring Down Letter, and before traffic and figures were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.



Table 17 Comparison of Estimated and Actual Traffic Volumes and Gross Toll Revenue March and April 2020 (1) Pennsylvania Turnpike System

	Total T	raffic (in Thou	sands)	Total Gross Toll Revenue (in Thousands)					
			Percent Difference			Percent Difference			
			between Actual			between Actual			
Facility	Estimated	Actual	and Estimated	Estimated	Actual	and Estimated			
			Passer	nger Cars					
Ticket and Gateway Barrier	21,269	9,268	(56.4)	\$108,438	\$45,900	(57.7)			
Delaware River Bridge	1,412	677	(52.1)	8,077	3,813	(52.8)			
Turnpike 43	2,000	1,157	(42.1)	3,600	2,198	(39.0)			
Turnpike 66	1,018	658	(35.3)	2,131	1,213	(43.1)			
Northeast Extension (Barrier)	627	293	(53.3)	640	374	(41.6)			
Turnpike I-376	1,156	631	(45.4)	1,990	1,034	(48.0)			
Turnpike I-576	258	155	(39.9)	243	199	(18.1)			
Barrier Subtotal	6,472	3,571	(44.8)	\$16,681	\$8,831	(47.1)			
Total System	27,741	12,839	(53.7)	\$125,120	\$54,731	(56.3)			
	Commercial Vehicles								
Ticket and Gateway Barrier	3,783	3,146	(16.8)	\$96,964	\$82,780	(14.6)			
Delaware River Bridge	225	240	6.7	4,534	4,745	4.7			
Turnpike 43	175	133	(24.1)	945	759	(19.7)			
Turnpike 66	179	146	(18.2)	1,054	720	(31.7)			
Northeast Extension (Barrier)	190	181	(4.5)	1,012	1,240	22.5			
Turnpike I-376	236	179	(23.9)	834	626	(24.9)			
Turnpike I-576	46	56	23.4	101	185	83.9			
Barrier Subtotal	1,050	936	(10.8)	\$8,480	\$8,274	(2.4)			
Total System	4,833	4,082	(15.5)	\$105,443	\$91,054	(13.6)			
			Total	Vehicles					
Ticket and Gateway Barrier	25,052	12,414	(50.4)	\$205,402	\$128,680	(37.4)			
Delaware River Bridge	1,637	917	(44.0)	12,611	8,558	(32.1)			
Turnpike 43	2,175	1,290	(40.7)	4,545	2,956	(35.0)			
Turnpike 66	1,197	805	(32.8)	3,185	1,933	(39.3)			
Northeast Extension (Barrier)	816	474	(41.9)	1,652	1,614	(2.3)			
Turnpike I-376	1,392	810	(41.8)	2,823	1,660	(41.2)			
Turnpike I-576	303	211	(30.4)	344	384	11.7			
Barrier Subtotal	7,521	4,507	(40.1)	\$25,161	\$17,105	(32.0)			
Total System	32,573	16,921	(48.1)	\$230,563	\$145,785	(36.8)			

⁽¹⁾ These two months correspond to the period for which actual data was estimated at the time of CDM Smith's 2019 Bring Down Letter and now exist but were significantly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.



Given the positive economic performance, low motor fuel prices, and strong consumer confidence that continued through February 2020, it is not surprising that Turnpike System traffic and revenue actual experience slightly outperformed CDM Smith's estimates. As noted above, the information in Table 16 does not include actual versus estimates for March and April 2020, when the impacts of COVID-19 began to be felt in the state, region, and country. Those impacts are provided in Table 17.

Table 17 highlights the strong negative impacts COVID-19 had on Turnpike travel demand, especially given the System's traffic and toll revenue overperformance through February 2020. The following items are a partial listing of official actions taken by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in response to the pandemic and are provided to give context as to the extent that travel on PTC facilities was negatively impacted throughout the course of the past two months:

- March 6: Emergency disaster declaration signed;
- March 11: State employees are banned from travelling and large meetings, conferences, trainings, and community events postponed without prior approval from the governor's office;
- March 13: Montgomery County schools closed;
- March 14: Delaware County schools closed;
- March 15: Bucks and Chester Counties schools closed;
- March 16: All K-12 schools state-wide closed for 10 business days;
- March 17: State-wide closure of dine-in restaurants, childcare facilities, adult day care centers, and senior community centers and all state employees instructed to work from home if feasible:
- March 23: Stay-at-home order issued for 7 of 67 counties and all non-life sustaining businesses ordered to close physical locations;
- March 24-31: Stay-at-home order gradually extended to 33 of 67 counties;
- April 1: State-wide stay-at-home order issued;
- April 9: Announcement that schools will remain closed through end of school year; and
- April 20: State-wide stay-at-home order extended until May 8.



Actions taken to start reopening the Commonwealth's economy did not begin to take effect until May and therefore their effects on traffic and revenue are not reflected in the data presented in this Bring Down Letter.

Systemwide, total transactions fell short of estimates by 48.1 percent, and total toll revenue was 36.8 percent lower than estimates for March and April. Passenger-car traffic was significantly more affected than commercial vehicle traffic, with actual passenger-car traffic and revenue falling short of estimates by 53.7 percent and 56.3 percent, respectively. Commercial vehicle traffic and revenue was still lower than estimates, but by only 15.5 percent and 13.6 percent, respectively.

The same information is provided in Table 17 for each of the Turnpike toll facilities. Total transactions for the Ticket System and Gateway barrier were 50.4 percent lower than the forecasted traffic, while actual total revenue was 37.4 percent lower than estimated. Impacts to barrier facilities were slightly less, with total transactions being 40.1 percent lower and total revenue being 32.0 percent lower than estimated in the 2019 Bring Down Letter. As with the Ticket System, commercial vehicles were much less impacted than passenger cars, with passenger-car transactions falling 44.8 percent short of estimates and commercial-vehicle traffic only being 10.8 percent lower. Passenger-car revenue was 47.1 percent lower than estimated, while commercial-vehicle revenue was only 2.4 percent lower.

Estimated COVID-19 Traffic and Toll Revenue Impacts

A key undertaking of this new forecast was to estimate the traffic and toll revenue impacts related to the COVID-19 pandemic over the forecast period. CDM Staff worked closely with PTC staff in collecting and reviewing daily traffic and toll revenue data for each of the Turnpike systems, by vehicle class (passenger cars versus commercial vehicles). Actual traffic and toll revenue experience through the end of April 2020 was collected as part of this analysis. Total Turnpike System traffic and revenue losses for March and April 2020 were shown above in Table 3 for the total System. A timeline of key Pennsylvania closure events was presented above in the section **Actual Versus Estimated Traffic and Toll Revenue** that contributed (along with similar closures in states throughout the region) to these unprecedented declines in travel demand. PTC also made the decision to suspend all cash toll collection on the Turnpike System beginning on March 16.

This section will provide a summary of the underlying assumptions CDM Smith has made in estimating the depth and longevity of the COVID-19 related impacts on Turnpike System traffic and toll revenue. Of course, actual relaxing of stay-at-home orders, the opening of businesses, schools, and general social activity is still an unknown. Some relaxing (or partial reopening) is being proposed throughout the month of May, so the process of returning to some level of pre-COVID-19 activity has begun. The speed at which it continues will likely be contingent on the success of these early partial openings.



There were three weeks of steeply declining traffic and revenue on the Turnpike System, beginning with the week of March 8. Steep declines continued through the week of March 22. Volumes losses stabilized at that point and have not declined further through the end of April. Peak daily traffic reductions reached about 70 percent for passenger cars, but only about 30 percent for commercial vehicles. CDM Smith's forecasts assume the peak declines continue at these levels through the first week of May and then begin to slowly moderate such that by the end of September 2020 both passenger and commercial traffic reach levels that are about 10 to 12 percent below normal levels. This assumes a gradual relaxation in the stay at home orders and social distances guidelines over this period, as well as a return to cash toll collection on the Turnpike System by mid-June.

From October 2020 through FY 2025-26, CDM Smith assumes there will be continued residual impacts of COVID-19 on the economy and social behavior. Over this period, the negative impacts of COVID-19 gradually decline from the 10- to 12-percent levels at the end of September 2020 to zero by the end of FY 2025-26.

Table 18 shows the assumed COVID-19 related impacts on estimated traffic and toll revenue over the forecast period. FY 2019-2020 total traffic volumes are reduced by 26.3 million, or about 12.9 percent of total transactions. Toll revenue is reduced by about \$157.2 million over the same time period (10.9 percent of total toll revenue). Only three months (March, April, and May) are impacted in FY 2019-20. While the peak daily negative impacts occur in FY 2019-20, the biggest total declines are assumed in FY 2020-21 since this will include 12 months of negative impacts. As shown in Table 18, total transaction losses of 28.0 million are assumed (13.9 percent of total transactions), along with toll revenue losses of \$211.0 million (13.4 percent of total toll revenue). After that, negative traffic and toll revenue impacts are estimated to decline over the next five years. By FY 2025-26 total traffic and toll revenue losses are assumed to be only about 0.4 percent and 0.5 percent, respectively. No COVID-19 impact is assumed by FY 2026-27.

Estimated Traffic and Gross Toll Revenue

Updated traffic and gross toll revenue estimates were developed through FY 2049-50 incorporating the following changes into the forecast. All these changes were described in previous sections.

- Actual traffic and revenue experience through April 2020;
- Impacts related to COVID-19 (Table 18);
- Revised estimates of E-ZPass penetration rates (Table 14); and
- Revised toll increase assumptions (Table 13).



Table 18 Estimated Systemwide COVID-19 Impacts on Annual Transactions and Gross Toll Revenue (1) Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission

Traffic and Toll Revenue in Thousands

Annual Cross Tall Bayanua

Annual Traffic

		Annual Traffic			Annu	al Gross Toll Reve	enue
		Passenger	Commercial	Total	Passenger	Commercial	Total
Fiscal Year		Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles
			Annual	Traffic and Gros	s Toll Revenue Ir	npacts	
2018-19	(2,3,4)	0	0	0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2019-20	(5,6,7)	(24,801)	(1,515)	(26,316)	(127,363)	(29,866)	(157,229)
2020-21	(8,9,10,11)	(24,627)	(3,330)	(27,956)	(140,070)	(70,976)	(211,046)
2021-22	(11,12,13)	(4,108)	(1,958)	(6,066)	(22,350)	(45,749)	(68,099)
2022-23	(11)	(2,738)	(1,306)	(4,044)	(14,900)	(30,500)	(45,400)
2023-24	(11)	(1,826)	(870)	(2,696)	(9,933)	(20,333)	(30,266)
2024-25	(11)	(1,217)	(580)	(1,797)	(6,622)	(13,555)	(20,178)
2025-26	(11)	(609)	(290)	(899)	(3,311)	(6,778)	(10,089)
2026-27		0	0	0	0	0	0
			Percent Impa	cts on Annual T	raffic and Gross T	oll Revenue	
2018-19	(2,3,4)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
2019-20	(5,6,7)	(14.3)	(5.0)	(12.9)	(15.9)	(4.7)	(10.9)
2020-21	(8,9,10,11)	(14.4)	(11.1)	(13.9)	(15.8)	(10.3)	(13.4)
2021-22	(11,12,13)	(2.4)	(6.4)	(3.0)	(2.4)	(6.3)	(4.1)
2022-23	(11)	(1.6)	(4.2)	(2.0)	(1.6)	(4.0)	(2.6)
2023-24	(11)	(1.0)	(2.8)	(1.3)	(1.0)	(2.5)	(1.7)
2024-25	(11)	(0.7)	(1.8)	(0.9)	(0.6)	(1.6)	(1.1)
2025-26	(11)	(0.3)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.8)	(0.5)
2026-27		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

⁽¹⁾ Annual toll rate increases are implemented on or about January 1st of each year.

⁽²⁾ Reflects actual traffic and revenue experience.

⁽³⁾ The Findlay Connector converted to AET in early June 2018.

⁽⁴⁾ The partial I-95 Interchange (Stage 1) opened in September 2018.

⁽⁵⁾ AKH and Gateway converted to AET at the end of October 2019.

⁽⁶⁾ Reflects actual experience through April 2020.

⁽⁷⁾ March 16, 2020 cash collection on Ticket System and PA 43 temporarily suspended.

⁽⁸⁾ June 14, 2020 cash collection on Ticket System and PA 43 is assumed to resume.

⁽⁹⁾ Reflects Ticket System and PA 43 45% cash surcharge effective on October 1, 2020.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Reflects 6% Systemwide toll increase effective October 1, 2020. No January 2021 toll increase will occur.

⁽¹¹⁾ Reflects COVID-19 related recessionary impacts through FY 2025-26.

⁽¹²⁾ Reflects Ticket System and PA 43 AET conversion effective October 1, 2021.

⁽¹³⁾ Reflects opening of Southern Beltway between US 22 and I-79 beginning in January 2022.



Other assumptions remain unchanged from the 2019 Bring Down Letter including:

- Structure of the commercial vehicle discount program; and
- Long-range economic indicators.

Table 19 shows the total traffic and toll revenue for the Ticket System only. Data for FY 2017-18 and FY 2018-19 reflect a full year of actual experience and FY 2019-20 includes 11 months of actual experience (through April 2020). Total toll transactions increase from 152.4 million to 184.7 million over the forecast period, an average annual increase of 0.6 percent. Gross toll revenue increases from \$1.0 billion to \$4.4 billion by FY 2049-50. This amounts to an average annual increase of 4.6 percent, reflecting the impact of normal growth plus the annual rate adjustments.

The same information is shown for the Barrier System in **Table 20**. Total annual toll transactions are estimated to grow from 48.8 million to 72.7 million over the forecast period, an average rate of 1.3 percent. New toll transactions from the opening of the Southern Beltway in January 2022 contribute to total barrier growth rates. Barrier System total revenue is estimated to increase from \$160.7 million to \$739.0 million over the forecast period, an annual rate of 4.9 percent, reflecting normal growth plus annual rate adjustments.

Table 21 identifies total combined transactions and gross toll revenue and also factors in estimated toll discounts and adjustments. The vast majority of the discounts and adjustments result from commercial account toll adjustments due to the Turnpike's volume discount program. The volume discount program allows for a 3.0-percent discount to be provided to accounts that accrue \$20,000 or more in monthly tolls. Discounts and adjustments shown in Table 21 assume no further changes to the post-paid commercial volume discount program during the forecast period. The result is that the current forecasts have a negative adjustment applied for FY 2017-18; beyond that the adjustment gradually increases until it equals approximately 2.1 percent of the commercial vehicle gross toll revenue in FY 2024-25 and beyond.

As shown in Table 21, total toll transactions are expected to increase from 201.2 million to 257.4 million over the forecast period. This amounts to an average annual growth rate of 0.8 percent. Total net toll revenue is estimated to grow from approximately \$1.2 billion in FY 2017-18 to \$5.1 billion by FY 2049-50. This reflects an average annual growth rate in gross toll revenue of 4.6 percent. Again, this includes the impact of normal growth plus annual toll rate adjustments.

Table 22 provides a comparison of the current traffic and net toll revenue forecast with the forecast developed as part of the 2019 Bring Down Letter. As shown, the revised total toll transactions are significantly less than those of the 2019 Bring Down Letter through FY 2020-21 due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. As the economic effects of the pandemic begin to fade, the difference between the 2019 Bring Down Letter and current estimates lessen, reaching negative



Table 19 Ticket System: Estimated Annual Transactions and Gross Toll Revenue (1) Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission

			Annual Traffic		Annual Gross Toll Revenue			
		Passenger	Commercial	Total	Passenger	Commercial	Total	
Fiscal Ye	ear	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles	
2017-18	(2)	130,805	21,582	152,387	\$579,692	\$462,754	\$1,042,446	
2018-19	(2,3)	129,559	22,020	151,579	626,685	524,309	1,150,994	
2019-20	(4,5)	109,378	21,032	130,410	564,122	528,490	1,092,612	
2020-21	(6,7,8,9)	107,044	19,691	126,735	627,153	541,900	1,169,053	
2021-22	(9,10)	121,171	20,756	141,927	761,034	593,587	1,354,622	
2022-23	(9)	122,277	21,390	143,668	792,319	639,663	1,431,983	
2023-24	(9)	123,742	21,902	145,645	839,010	685,511	1,524,521	
2024-25	(9)	125,445	22,334	147,780	890,199	731,218	1,621,418	
2025-26	(9)	127,363	22,785	150,148	942,193	776,577	1,718,770	
2026-27		129,361	23,232	152,593	989,636	817,628	1,807,265	
2027-28		130,866	23,448	154,314	1,031,196	849,635	1,880,831	
2028-29		132,340	23,687	156,027	1,070,512	882,321	1,952,833	
2029-30		133,773	23,962	157,735	1,111,817	919,196	2,031,013	
2030-31		135,145	24,235	159,380	1,156,424	957,571	2,113,995	
2031-32		136,490	24,508	160,999	1,203,602	997,408	2,201,010	
2032-33		137,821	24,781	162,603	1,252,463	1,038,761	2,291,224	
2033-34		139,108	25,054	164,161	1,302,760	1,081,690	2,384,449	
2034-35		140,355	25,326	165,681	1,354,593	1,126,264	2,480,858	
2035-36		141,568	25,599	167,167	1,408,026	1,172,552	2,580,578	
2036-37		142,759	25,867	168,626	1,463,250	1,220,350	2,683,599	
2037-38		143,871	26,127	169,998	1,519,699	1,269,584	2,789,283	
2038-39		144,945	26,387	171,332	1,577,810	1,320,695	2,898,505	
2039-40		146,003	26,648	172,651	1,637,883	1,373,756	3,011,638	
2040-41		147,041	26,909	173,950	1,699,918	1,428,850	3,128,768	
2041-42		148,054	27,172	175,226	1,763,932	1,486,060	3,249,992	
2042-43		149,037	27,435	176,472	1,829,888	1,545,466	3,375,354	
2043-44		149,994	27,699	177,693	1,897,913	1,607,160	3,505,074	
2044-45		150,928	27,964	178,892	1,968,076	1,671,228	3,639,304	
2045-46		151,834	28,231	180,065	2,040,404	1,737,751	3,778,155	
2046-47		152,728	28,498	181,227	2,115,132	1,806,835	3,921,967	
2047-48		153,611	28,767	182,378	2,192,366	1,878,589	4,070,955	
2048-49		154,498	29,038	183,536	2,272,420	1,953,192	4,225,613	
2049-50		155,391	29,312	184,703	2,355,398	2,030,758	4,386,156	

⁽¹⁾ Annual toll rate increases are implemented on or about January 1st of each year.

⁽²⁾ Reflects actual traffic and revenue experience.

⁽³⁾ The partial I-95 Interchange (Stage 1) opened in September 2018.

⁽⁴⁾ Reflects actual experience through April 2020.

⁽⁵⁾ March 16, 2020 cash collection on Ticket System temporarily suspended.

⁽⁶⁾ June 14, 2020 cash collection on Ticket System is assumed to resume.

⁽⁷⁾ Reflects Ticket System 45% cash surcharge effective on October 1, 2020.

 $^{(8) \} Reflects \ 6\% \ Systemwide \ toll \ increase \ effective \ October \ 1, 2020. \ No \ January \ 2021 \ toll \ increase \ will \ occur.$

⁽⁹⁾ Reflects COVID-19 related recessionary impacts through FY 2025-26.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Reflects Ticket System AET conversion effective October 1, 2021.



Table 20 Barrier Systems: Estimated Annual Transactions and Gross Toll Revenue (1) Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission

	Annual Traffic		Annual Gross Toll Revenue			
	Passenger	Commercial	Total	Passenger	Commercial	Total
Fiscal Year	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles
2017-18 (2,3)	41,707	7,068	48,775	\$99,048	\$61,664	\$160,712
2018-19 (2,4,5)	43,870	7,605	51,475	113,893	70,498	184,392
2019-20 (6,7,8)	39,281	7,508	46,789	111,040	75,841	186,882
2020-21 (9,10,11,12)	38,796	6,932	45,728	119,860	74,165	194,025
2021-22 (12,13,14)	45,581	7,696	53,277	142,812	81,322	224,134
2022-23 (12)	49,170	8,548	57,718	153,687	89,975	243,662
2023-24 (12)	50,394	8,868	59,261	163,633	97,006	260,640
2024-25 (12)	51,489	9,129	60,619	174,081	103,916	277,997
2025-26 (12)	52,430	9,346	61,776	184,555	110,704	295,259
2026-27	53,293	9,538	62,831	194,171	116,842	311,013
2027-28	53,788	9,605	63,393	202,499	121,627	324,126
2028-29	54,281	9,683	63,964	210,518	126,450	336,969
2029-30	54,749	9,778	64,527	218,751	131,777	350,527
2030-31	55,182	9,871	65,053	227,192	137,298	364,490
2031-32	55,581	9,964	65,545	235,883	143,025	378,907
2032-33	55,966	10,056	66,021	244,902	148,963	393,865
2033-34	56,331	10,147	66,478	254,242	155,125	409,366
2034-35	56,687	10,238	66,925	263,867	161,500	425,367
2035-36	57,033	10,329	67,362	273,786	168,086	441,872
2036-37	57,370	10,419	67,789	284,019	174,894	458,913
2037-38	57,691	10,508	68,199	294,494	181,919	476,413
2038-39	58,009	10,596	68,605	305,277	189,213	494,490
2039-40	58,326	10,685	69,011	316,426	196,786	513,212
2040-41	58,640	10,773	69,413	327,940	204,647	532,587
2041-42	58,945	10,862	69,807	339,806	212,806	552,612
2042-43	59,241	10,950	70,190	352,020	221,272	573,292
2043-44	59,528	11,037	70,565	364,602	230,058	594,660
2044-45	59,808	11,125	70,933	377,563	239,177	616,740
2045-46	60,078	11,212	71,290	390,907	248,639	639,545
2046-47	60,341	11,299	71,640	404,660	258,458	663,118
2047-48	60,599	11,386	71,985	418,848	268,650	687,498
2048-49	60,857	11,474	72,331	433,534	279,243	712,777
2049-50	61,117	11,562	72,679	448,735	290,255	738,989

⁽¹⁾ Annual toll rate increases are implemented on or about January 1st of each year.

⁽²⁾ Reflects actual traffic and revenue experience.

⁽³⁾ The two Northeast Extension Barrier Plazas were converted to AET at the end of April 2018.

⁽⁴⁾ The Findlay Connector converted to AET in early June 2018.

⁽⁵⁾ The partial I-95 Interchange (Stage 1) opened in September 2018.

⁽⁶⁾ AKH and Gateway converted to AET at the end of October 2019.

⁽⁷⁾ Reflects actual experience through April 2020.

⁽⁸⁾ March 16, 2020 cash collection on PA 43 (Mon-Fayette Expressway) temporarily suspended.

⁽⁹⁾ June 14, 2020 cash collection on PA 43 is assumed to resume.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Reflects PA 43 45% cash surcharge effective on October 1, 2020.

⁽¹¹⁾ Reflects 6% Systemwide toll increase effective October 1, 2020. No January 2021 toll increase will occur.

⁽¹²⁾ Reflects COVID-19 related recessionary impacts through FY 2025-26.

⁽¹³⁾ Reflects PA 43 (Mon-Fayette Expressway) AET conversion effective October 1, 2021.

⁽¹⁴⁾ Reflects opening of Southern Beltway between US 22 and I-79 beginning in January 2022.



Table 21
Total System: Estimated Annual Transactions and Gross Toll Revenue (1)
Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission

		Annual Traffic		Ann	ual Gross Toll Reven	ue	Discounts	
	Passenger	Commercial	Total	Passenger	Commercial	Total	and	Net
Fiscal Year	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles	Cars	Vehicles	Vehicles	Adjustments	Toll Revenue
2017-18 (2,3)	172,512	28,650	201,162	\$678,741	\$524,418	\$1,203,158	\$(6,552)	\$1,196,606
2017-18 (2,4,5)	173,429	29,625	203,054	740,578	594,808	1,335,385	(8,349)	1,327,037
2019-20 (6,7,8)	148,659	28,540	177,199	675,163	604,331	1,279,494	(9,483)	1,270,011
2020-21 (9,10,11,12)	145,840	26,623	172,463	747,013	616,066	1,363,078	(10,687)	1,352,391
2021-22 (12,13,14)	166,752	28,452	195,203	903,846	674,909	1,578,756	(12,546)	1,566,210
2022-23 (12)	171,447	29,938	201,385	946,006	729,638	1,675,644	(14,243)	1,661,401
2023-24 (12)	174,136	30,770	204,906	1,002,643	782,517	1,785,160	(15,822)	1,769,339
2024-25 (12)	176,935	31,464	208,398	1,064,281	835,134	1,899,415	(17,323)	1,882,092
2025-26 (12)	179,793	32,132	211,925	1,126,749	887,280	2,014,029	(18,405)	1,995,624
2026-27	182,654	32,770	215,424	1,183,807	934,470	2,118,277	(19,384)	2,098,894
2027-28	184,654	33,053	217,707	1,233,695	971,262	2,204,957	(20,147)	2,184,810
2028-29	186,621	33,371	219,991	1,281,030	1,008,771	2,289,801	(20,925)	2,268,876
2029-30	188,521	33,740	222,261	1,330,568	1,050,973	2,381,540	(21,800)	2,359,740
2030-31	190,327	34,106	224,433	1,383,616	1,094,869	2,478,485	(22,711)	2,455,774
2031-32	192,072	34,472	226,544	1,439,484	1,140,433	2,579,917	(23,656)	2,556,261
2032-33	193,787	34,837	228,624	1,497,365	1,187,724	2,685,089	(24,637)	2,660,452
2033-34	195,439	35,201	230,640	1,557,001	1,236,814	2,793,816	(25,655)	2,768,160
2034-35	197,042	35,565	232,607	1,618,460	1,287,764	2,906,224	(26,712)	2,879,512
2035-36	198,600	35,929	234,529	1,681,812	1,340,638	3,022,450	(27,809)	2,994,642
2036-37	200,128	36,287	236,415	1,747,269	1,395,244	3,142,512	(28,941)	3,113,571
2037-38	201,562	36,635	238,197	1,814,192	1,451,503	3,265,696	(30,108)	3,235,587
2038-39	202,954	36,983	239,937	1,883,087	1,509,908	3,392,995	(31,320)	3,361,675
2039-40	204,329	37,333	241,661	1,954,308	1,570,542	3,524,850	(32,578)	3,492,272
2040-41	205,680	37,683	243,363	2,027,858	1,633,497	3,661,355	(33,884)	3,627,471
2041-42	207,000	38,033	245,033	2,103,739	1,698,866	3,802,604	(35,239)	3,767,365
2042-43	208,278	38,384	246,662	2,181,908	1,766,737	3,948,646	(36,647)	3,911,998
2043-44	209,522	38,736	248,259	2,262,515	1,837,218	4,099,734	(38,109)	4,061,624
2044-45	210,735	39,089	249,824	2,345,639	1,910,404	4,256,044	(39,627)	4,216,416
2045-46	211,913	39,443	251,356	2,431,310	1,986,390	4,417,700	(41,204)	4,376,496
2046-47	213,070	39,797	252,867	2,519,792	2,065,293	4,585,085	(42,840)	4,542,245
2047-48	214,210	40,153	254,362	2,611,214	2,147,239	4,758,453	(44,540)	4,713,913
2048-49	215,356	40,512	255,867	2,705,955	2,232,436	4,938,390	(46,307)	4,892,083
2049-50	216,508	40,874	257,382	2,804,133	2,321,013	5,125,146	(48,145)	5,077,001
		•	•				. , -,	

⁽¹⁾ Annual toll rate increases are implemented on or about January 1st of each year.

⁽²⁾ Reflects actual traffic and revenue experience.

⁽³⁾ The two Northeast Extension Barrier Plazas were converted to AET at the end of April 2018.

⁽⁴⁾ The Findlay Connector converted to AET in early June 2018.

⁽⁵⁾ The partial I-95 Interchange (Stage 1) opened in September 2018.

⁽⁶⁾ AKH and Gateway converted to AET at the end of October 2019.

⁽⁷⁾ Reflects actual experience through April 2020.

⁽⁸⁾ March 16, 2020 cash collection on Ticket System and PA 43 temporarily suspended.

⁽⁹⁾ June 14, 2020 cash collection on Ticket System and PA 43 is assumed to resume.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Reflects Ticket System and PA 43 45% cash surcharge effective on October 1, 2020.

⁽¹¹⁾ Reflects 6% Systemwide toll increase effective October 1, 2020. No January 2021 toll increase will occur.

⁽¹²⁾ Reflects COVID-19 related recessionary impacts through FY 2025-26.

⁽¹³⁾ Reflects Ticket System and PA 43 AET conversion effective October 1, 2021.

⁽¹⁴⁾ Reflects opening of Southern Beltway between US 22 and I-79 beginning in January 2022.



Table 22 Comparison of New Traffic and Revenue Estimates with those from the 2019 Bring Down Letter Pennsylvania Turnpike

	Total Annual Transactions			Annual Net Toll Revenue			
	Current	2019 Bring Down	Percent	Current	2019 Bring Down	Percent	
Fiscal Year	Estimates (1)	Letter (2)	Difference	Estimates (1)	Letter (2)	Difference	
2017-18	201,162	201,162	0.0	\$1,196,606	\$1,196,606	0.0	
2018-19	203,054	202,051	0.5	1,327,037	1,306,722	1.6	
2019-20	177,199	201,542	(12.1)	1,270,011	1,390,057	(8.6)	
2020-21	172,463	201,100	(14.2)	1,352,391	1,473,739	(8.2)	
2021-22	195,203	203,711	(4.2)	1,566,210	1,555,172	0.7	
2022-23	201,385	208,716	(3.5)	1,661,401	1,647,361	0.9	
2023-24	204,906	211,394	(3.1)	1,769,339	1,742,814	1.5	
2024-25	208,398	214,001	(2.6)	1,882,092	1,844,500	2.0	
2025-26	211,925	216,655	(2.2)	1,995,624	1,946,821	2.5	
2026-27	215,424	219,283	(1.8)	2,098,894	2,039,137	2.9	
2027-28	217,707	221,593	(1.8)	2,184,810	2,124,036	2.9	
2028-29	219,991	223,895	(1.7)	2,268,876	2,206,883	2.8	
2029-30	222,261	226,188	(1.7)	2,359,740	2,295,186	2.8	
2030-31	224,433	228,424	(1.7)	2,455,774	2,386,729	2.9	
2031-32	226,544	230,630	(1.8)	2,556,261	2,482,933	3.0	
2032-33	228,624	232,806	(1.8)	2,660,452	2,584,008	3.0	
2033-34	230,640	234,916	(1.8)	2,768,160	2,688,432	3.0	
2034-35	232,607	236,976	(1.8)	2,879,512	2,796,466	3.0	
2035-36	234,529	238,984	(1.9)	2,994,642	2,908,287	3.0	
2036-37	236,415	240,948	(1.9)	3,113,571	3,023,823	3.0	
2037-38	238,197	242,805	(1.9)	3,235,587	3,142,370	3.0	
2038-39	239,937	244,619	(1.9)	3,361,675	3,264,899	3.0	
2039-40	241,661	246,403	(1.9)	3,492,272	3,391,799	3.0	
2040-41	243,363	248,142	(1.9)	3,627,471	3,523,128	3.0	
2041-42	245,033	249,849	(1.9)	3,767,365	3,659,011	3.0	
2042-43	246,662	251,513	(1.9)	3,911,998	3,799,505	3.0	
2043-44	248,259	253,145	(1.9)	4,061,624	3,944,855	3.0	
2044-45	249,824	254,745	(1.9)	4,216,416	4,095,230	3.0	
2045-46	251,356	256,309	(1.9)	4,376,496	4,250,751	3.0	
2046-47	252,867	257,853	(1.9)	4,542,245	4,411,783	3.0	
2047-48	254,362	259,381	(1.9)	4,713,913	4,578,572	3.0	
2048-49	255,867	260,919	(1.9)	4,892,083	4,751,678	3.0	
2049-50	257,382	N/A	N/A	5,077,001	N/A	N/A	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects actual traffic and revenue experience through April 2020.

⁽²⁾ Reflects actual traffic and revenue experience through February 2019.



1.7 percent by FY 2028-29. Over the remainder of the forecast period, the updated estimates are forecast to grow slightly slower than previously forecast such that by FY 2048-49 we now estimate that total toll transactions will be about 1.9 percent lower than the previous estimates. This longer-term difference is partly a result of slightly higher toll increase assumptions in the current forecast, including the 45-percent cash surcharge on Ticket System and MFE traffic as well as the six-percent Systemwide toll increase in October 2020. The 45-percent increase is new and the six-percent October 2020 increase was previously assumed to be a five-percent increase in January 2020.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic FY 2019-20 (which includes 11 months of actual data) and FY 2020-21 are each forecast to have approximately eight percent less revenue than previously estimated. Yet, revenue is now forecast to grow faster and despite reduced transactions FY 2021-22 revenue is now estimated to be 0.7 percent higher than previously estimated. Revenue is expected to continue growing faster than previously forecast such that by the end of the prior forecast period in FY 2048-49 revenue is now estimated to be 3.0 percent higher. Unlike with traffic forecasts, new revenue forecasts remain higher than previous forecasts over the entire forecast period. This is because average toll rates for commercial vehicles are now higher than previously assumed. This occurs due to lower E-ZPass market share assumptions for commercial vehicles at recently converted AET facilities over the forecast period. Revenue is also positively impacted as a result of a 45-percent cash surcharge on the Ticket System and MFE and a six-percent toll increase in October 2020.

* *

Fiduciary Disclaimer

Current accepted professional practices and procedures were used in the development of these updated traffic and revenue forecasts. However, as with any forecast of the future, there may be differences between forecasted and actual results caused by events and circumstances beyond the control of CDM Smith. In formulating its forecasts, CDM Smith has reasonably relied upon the accuracy and completeness of information provided (both written and oral) by the PTC and other local and state agencies. CDM Smith also has relied upon the reasonable assurances of some independent parties and is not aware of any facts that would make such information misleading.

CDM Smith has made qualitative judgments related to several key variables in the development and analysis of the traffic and revenue forecasts that must be considered as a whole; therefore selecting portions of any individual result without consideration of the intent of the whole may create a misleading or incomplete view of the results and the underlying methodologies used to obtain the results. CDM Smith gives no opinion as to the value or merit to partial information extracted from this report.

All forecasts and projections reported herein are based on CDM Smith's experience and judgment and on a review of information obtained from multiple state and local agencies, including the PTC.



These estimates and projections may not be indicative of actual or future values and are therefore subject to substantial uncertainty. Future developments cannot be predicted with certainty and may affect the forecasts or projections expressed in this report, such that CDM Smith does not specifically guarantee or warrant any forecasts or projections contained within this report.

While CDM Smith believes that some of the projections or other forward-looking statements contained within the report are based on reasonable assumptions as of the date in the report, such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from the results predicted. Therefore, following the date of this report, CDM Smith will take no responsibility or assume any obligation to advise of changes that may affect its assumptions contained within the report, as they pertain to: socioeconomic and demographic forecasts, proposed residential or commercial land use development projects and/or potential improvements to the regional transportation network.

CDM Smith is not, and has not been, a municipal advisor as defined in Federal law (the Dodd Frank Bill) to the PTC and does not owe a fiduciary duty pursuant to Section 15B of the Exchange Act to PTC with respect to the information and material contained in this report. CDM Smith is not recommending and has not recommended any action to PTC. PTC should discuss the information and material contained in this report with any and all internal and external advisors that it deems appropriate before acting on this information.

Sincerely,

Scott Allaire Vice President CDM Smith Inc.

Scott a. allaire

Yogesh Patel, AICP Project Manager CDM Smith Inc.